UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number: 000-15006

CELLDEX THERAPEUTICS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

No. 13-3191702

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Perryville III Building, 53 Frontage Road, Suite 220, Hampton, New Jersey 08827

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(908) 200-7500

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

As of July 28, 2015, 98,595,407 shares of common stock, \$.001 par value per share, were outstanding.

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CELLDEX THERAPEUTICS, INC.

FORM 10-Q

Quarter Ended June 30, 2015

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION **Item 1. Unaudited Financial Statements**

CELLDEX THERAPEUTICS, INC.

| CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited) | | | | |
|---|-------|---------------|----------|-----------------|
| (In thousands, except share and per share amou | ınts) | | | |
| ACCEPTO | | June 30, 2015 | Dec | cember 31, 2014 |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 81,584 | \$ | 28,020 |
| Marketable Securities | Ф | 252,408 | Ф | 173,023 |
| Accounts and Other Receivables | | 434 | | 427 |
| Prepaid and Other Current Assets | | 5,115 | | 3,515 |
| Total Current Assets | | 339,541 | - | 204,985 |
| Property and Equipment, Net | | 11,735 | | 10,535 |
| Intangible Assets, Net | | 21,300 | | 21,807 |
| Other Assets | | 1,676 | | 1,722 |
| Goodwill | | 8,965 | | 8,965 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 383,217 | \$ | 248,014 |
| | ÷ | | <u> </u> | |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 2,020 | \$ | 2,603 |
| Accrued Expenses | | 21,879 | | 19,296 |
| Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities | | 2,792 | | 2,592 |
| Total Current Liabilities | | 26,691 | | 24,491 |
| Other Long-Term Liabilities | | 10,648 | | 11,863 |
| Total Liabilities | | 37,339 | | 36,354 |
| | | | | |
| Commitments and Contingent Liabilities | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Stockholders' Equity: | | | | |
| Convertible Preferred Stock, \$.01 Par Value; 3,000,000 Shares Authorized; No Shares Issued and | | | | |
| Outstanding at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 | | _ | | _ |
| Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value; 297,000,000 Shares Authorized; 98,548,319 and 89,592,779 | | | | |
| Shares Issued and Outstanding at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively | | 99 | | 90 |
| Additional Paid-In Capital | | 869,635 | | 672,739 |
| Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | | 2,436 | | 2,590 |
| Accumulated Deficit | | (526,292) | | (463,759) |
| Total Stockholders' Equity | | 345,878 | | 211,660 |

\$ 383,217 \$ 248,014

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed financial statements

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CELLDEX THERAPEUTICS, INC. CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

| | | Three Months Ended | | | Six Months Ended | | | | |
|---|----|--------------------|----|---------------|------------------|---------------|----|---------------|--|
| | Ju | ıne 30, 2015 | | June 30, 2014 | | June 30, 2015 | | June 30, 2014 | |
| REVENUE: | | | | | | | | | |
| Product Development and Licensing Agreements | \$ | 334 | \$ | 200 | \$ | 676 | \$ | 235 | |
| Contracts and Grants | | 1,844 | | 392 | | 1,988 | | 773 | |
| Total Revenue | | 2,178 | | 592 | | 2,664 | | 1,008 | |
| OPERATING EXPENSE: | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 20,400 | | 24.100 | | F1 C1F | | F1 1C0 | |
| Research and Development | | 26,490 | | 24,100 | | 51,615 | | 51,169 | |
| General and Administrative | | 8,184 | | 4,787 | | 14,273 | | 9,369 | |
| Amortization of Acquired Intangible Assets | | 254 | | 254 | | 507 | | 507 | |
| Total Operating Expense | | 34,928 | | 29,141 | | 66,395 | | 61,045 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Loss | | (32,750) | | (28,549) | | (63,731) | | (60,037) | |
| Investment and Other Income, Net | | 391 | | 275 | | 1,198 | | 1,860 | |
| Net Loss | \$ | (32,359) | \$ | (28,274) | \$ | (62,533) | \$ | (58,177) | |
| | | _ | ' | | | _ | | _ | |
| Basic and Diluted Net Loss Per Common Share | \$ | (0.33) | \$ | (0.32) | \$ | (0.65) | \$ | (0.65) | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Shares Used in Calculating Basic and Diluted Net Loss per | | 00.400 | | 00.261 | | 95,477 | | 00.216 | |
| Share | | 98,482 | _ | 89,361 | _ | 95,477 | _ | 89,316 | |
| COMPREHENSIVE LOSS: | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Loss | \$ | (32,359) | \$ | (28,274) | \$ | (62,533) | \$ | (58,177) | |
| Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income: | | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments | | _ | | (2) | | 15 | | (1) | |
| Unrealized (Loss) Gain on Marketable Securities | | (180) | | 80 | | (169) | | 81 | |
| Comprehensive Loss | \$ | (32,539) | \$ | (28,196) | \$ | (62,687) | \$ | (58,097) | |

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed financial statements

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CELLDEX THERAPEUTICS, INC. CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

| | Six Months Ended | | | |
|---|-------------------|----|--------------|--|
| | June 30, 2015 | J | une 30, 2014 | |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | | | |
| Net Loss | \$ (62,533) | \$ | (58,177) | |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 1,384 | | 1,161 | |
| Amortization of Intangible Assets | 507 | | 507 | |
| Amortization and Premium of Marketable Securities | (1,228) | | (1,436) | |
| Stock-Based Compensation Expense | 4,808 | | 2,761 | |
| Non-Cash Expense | 144 | | _ | |
| Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts and Other Receivables | (7) | | (36) | |
| Prepaid and Other Current Assets | (1,837) | | (1,825) | |
| Other Assets | (98) | | 32 | |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses | 2,524 | | (1,033) | |
| Other Liabilities | (1,015) | | 5,315 | |
| Net Cash Used in Operating Activities | (57,351) | | (52,731) | |
| | | | | |

| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Sales and Maturities of Marketable Securities | 86,345 | 50,587 |
| Purchases of Marketable Securities | (164,434) | (126,222) |
| Acquisition of Property and Equipment | (3,108) | (1,094) |
| Net Cash Used in Investing Activities | (81,197) | (76,729) |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities: | | |
| Net Proceeds from Stock Issuances | 188,840 | _ |
| Proceeds from Issuance of Stock from Employee Benefit Plans | 3,257 | 856 |
| Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities | 192,097 | 856 |
| Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents | 15 | (1) |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 53,564 | (128,605) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period | 28,020 | 169,402 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period | \$ 81,584 | \$ 40,797 |
| Non-cash Investing Activities | | |
| Acquisition of Property and Equipment included in Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses | \$ 503 | _ |

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed financial statements

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CELLDEX THERAPEUTICS, INC. Notes to Unaudited Condensed Financial Statements June 30, 2015

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared by Celldex Therapeutics, Inc. (the "Company" or "Celldex") in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). On December 31, 2014, the Company's whollyowned subsidiary, Celldex Research Corporation, merged into Celldex Therapeutics, Inc. The unaudited condensed statement of operations and comprehensive loss and the statement of cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 reflect the operations of the Company and its former wholly-owned subsidiary. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

These interim financial statements do not include all the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, which are included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 24, 2015. In the opinion of management, the interim financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments necessary to fairly state the Company's financial position and results of operations for the interim periods presented. The year-end balance sheet data presented for comparative purposes was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP.

The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for any future interim period or the fiscal year ending December 31, 2015.

At June 30, 2015, the Company had cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities of \$334.0 million. The Company incurred a loss of \$62.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Net cash used in operations for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$57.4 million. The Company believes that the cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities at June 30, 2015 will be sufficient to meet estimated working capital requirements and fund planned operations for at least the next twelve months.

During the next twelve months, the Company may take further steps to raise additional capital to meet its long-term liquidity needs. These capital raising activities may include, but may not be limited to, one or more of the following: the licensing of technology programs with existing or new collaborative partners, possible business combinations, issuance of debt, or the issuance of common stock or other securities via private placements or public offerings. While the Company may seek capital through a number of means, there can be no assurance that additional financing will be available on acceptable terms, if at all, and the Company's negotiating position in capital-raising efforts may worsen as existing resources are used. There is also no assurance that the Company will be able to enter into further collaborative relationships. Additional equity financing may be dilutive to the Company's stockholders; debt financing, if available, may involve significant cash payment obligations and covenants that restrict the Company's ability to operate as a business; and licensing or strategic collaborations may result in royalties or other terms which reduce the Company's economic potential from products under development.

(2) Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies used in preparation of these condensed financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2015 are consistent with those discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, except for the adoption of new accounting standards during the first six months of 2015 as discussed below.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") or other standard setting bodies that are adopted by the Company as of the specified effective date. Unless otherwise discussed, the Company believes that the impact of recently issued standards that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations upon adoption.

In May 2014, the FASB issued a new U.S. GAAP accounting standard that creates modifications to various other revenue accounting standards for specialized transactions and industries. The new U.S. GAAP accounting standard is intended to conform revenue accounting principles with a concurrently issued new standard under International Financial Reporting Standards, as well as, to enhance disclosures related to disaggregated revenue information. In July 2015, the FASB voted to defer the amendments in this update apply public business entities for the annual period ending after December 15, 2017. The amendment allows for two methods

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of adoption, a full retrospective method or a modified retrospective approach with the cumulative effect recognized at the date of initial application. The Company will further study the implications of this standard in order to evaluate the expected impact on the financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued amendments that provide guidance to customers about whether a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license. If a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license, then the customer should account for the software license element of the arrangement consistent with the acquisition of other software licenses. If a cloud computing arrangement does not include a software license, the customer should account for the arrangement as a service contract. The new guidance does not change the accounting for a customer's accounting for service contracts. The standard update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015 and interim periods within those years. Early adoption is permitted. The standard allows for adoption retrospectively or prospectively to all arrangements entered into or materially modified after the effective date. The amendment is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued a new U.S. GAAP accounting standard that provides guidance about management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related footnote disclosures. The new accounting standard requires management to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern by incorporating and expanding upon certain principles that are currently in U.S. auditing standards. The new accounting standard is effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on the financial statements.

(3) Net Loss Per Share

Basic net loss per common share is based upon the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period, excluding restricted stock that has been issued but is not yet vested. Diluted net loss per common share is based upon the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period plus additional weighted-average potentially dilutive common shares outstanding during the period when the effect is dilutive. The potentially dilutive common shares that have not been included in the net loss per common share calculations because the effect would have been anti-dilutive are as follows:

| | Six months er | ided June 30, |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | |
| Stock options | 8,121,183 | 6,961,766 |
| Restricted stock | 40,000 | 12,000 |
| | 8,161,183 | 6,973,766 |

(4) Comprehensive Loss

The changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income by component for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 are summarized below. No amounts were reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income during the three or six months ended June 30, 2015.

| | Unrealized C (Loss) on | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | Marketabl Securities, net | - | Foreign rrency Items | Total |
| | occurrence, nec | or tux | thousands) | 10111 |
| Balance at March 31, 2015 | \$ | 20 | \$ 2,596 | \$ 2,616 |
| Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications | | (180) | _ | (180) |
| Amounts reclassified from other comprehensive income | | _ | _ | _ |
| Net current-period other comprehensive loss | | (180) | | (180) |
| Balance at June 30, 2015 | \$ | (160) | \$ 2,596 | \$ 2,436 |
| | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2014 | \$ | 9 | \$ 2,581 | \$ 2,590 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications | | (169) | 15 | (154) |
| Amounts reclassified from other comprehensive income | | _ | _ | _ |
| Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss) | | (169) | 15 | (154) |
| Balance at June 30, 2015 | \$ | (160) | \$ 2,596 | \$ 2,436 |
| | | | | |

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(5) Fair Value Measurements

The following tables set forth the Company's financial assets subject to fair value measurements:

As of Level 1 Level 2 Level 3

| | 252,408 | | | | 252,408 | | _ |
|------|-----------------|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| \$ | 321,049 | \$ | | \$ | 321,049 | \$ | |
| Doco | As of | | Lovel 1 | | Lavel 2 | | Level 3 |
| Dece | 111001 31, 2014 | | | ands) | Level 2 | | Level 3 |
| \$ | 18,677 | \$ | ` — | \$ | 18,677 | \$ | _ |
| | 173,023 | | _ | | 173,023 | | _ |
| \$ | 191,700 | \$ | | \$ | 191,700 | \$ | |
| | \$ | \$ 321,049 As of December 31, 2014 \$ 18,677 | \$ 321,049 \$ \$ As of December 31, 2014 \$ 18,677 \$ 173,023 | As of December 31, 2014 Level 1 \$ 18,677 \$ — 173,023 — | \$ 321,049 \$ — \$ As of December 31, 2014 Level 1 (In thousands) \$ 18,677 \$ — \$ 173,023 — | As of December 31, 2014 Level 1 Level 2 \$ 18,677 \$ 18,677 173,023 \$ 173,023 | \$ 321,049 \$ — \$ 321,049 \$ As of December 31, 2014 Level 1 Level 2 (In thousands) \$ 18,677 \$ — \$ 18,677 \$ 173,023 |

June 30, 2015

68,641

\$

(In thousands)

68,641

There have been no transfers of assets or liabilities between the fair value measurement classifications. The Company's financial instruments consist mainly of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, short-term accounts receivable and accounts payable. The Company values its marketable securities utilizing independent pricing services which normally derive security prices from recently reported trades for identical or similar securities, making adjustments based on significant observable transactions. At each balance sheet date, observable market inputs may include trade information, broker or dealer quotes, bids, offers or a combination of these data sources. Short-term accounts receivable and accounts payable are reflected in the accompanying financial statements at cost, which approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

(6) Marketable Securities

Money market funds and cash equivalents

A summary of marketable securities is shown below:

| | Amortized Cost | Gross Gross Unrealized Unrealized Gains Losses (In thousands) | | | Fair Value | | |
|---|-----------------------|---|------------|---------|------------|----|---------|
| June 30, 2015 | | | (III tilot | isaiius | | | |
| Marketable securities | | | | | | | |
| U.S. government and municipal obligations | | | | | | | |
| Maturing in one year or less | \$ 56,882 | \$ | 22 | \$ | (3) | \$ | 56,901 |
| Maturing after one year through three years | 12,120 | | 30 | | (53) | | 12,097 |
| Total U.S. government and municipal obligations | \$ 69,002 | \$ | 52 | \$ | (56) | \$ | 68,998 |
| Corporate debt securities | | | | | | | |
| Maturing in one year or less | \$ 120,267 | \$ | 12 | \$ | (92) | \$ | 120,187 |
| Maturing after one year through three years | 63,299 | | 9 | | (85) | | 63,223 |
| Total corporate debt securities | \$ 183,566 | \$ | 21 | \$ | (177) | \$ | 183,410 |
| Total marketable securities | \$ 252,568 | \$ | 73 | \$ | (233) | \$ | 252,408 |
| December 31, 2014 | | | | | | | |
| Marketable securities | | | | | | | |
| U.S. government and municipal obligations | | | | | | | |
| Maturing in one year or less | \$ 44,580 | \$ | 30 | \$ | (6) | \$ | 44,604 |
| Maturing after one year through three years | 16,108 | | 49 | | (1) | | 16,156 |
| Total U.S. government and municipal obligations | \$ 60,688 | \$ | 79 | \$ | (7) | \$ | 60,760 |
| Corporate debt securities | | | | | | | |
| Maturing in one year or less | \$ 89,636 | \$ | 6 | \$ | (37) | \$ | 89,605 |
| Maturing after one year through three years | 22,690 | | 3 | | (35) | | 22,658 |
| Total corporate debt securities | \$ 112,326 | \$ | 9 | \$ | (72) | \$ | 112,263 |
| Total marketable securities | \$ 173,014 | \$ | 88 | \$ | (79) | \$ | 173,023 |
| | 8 | | | | | | |

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The marketable securities held by the Company were high investment grade and there were no marketable securities that the Company considered to be other-than-temporarily impaired as of June 30, 2015. Marketable securities include \$1.6 million and \$1.4 million in accrued interest at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

(7) Intangible Assets and Goodwill

Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization, and goodwill are as follows:

| | | June 30, 2015 | | | | | | Dec | ember 31, 2014 | |
|-------------------------|------------|---------------|----|--------------|-------|-----------|--------------|-----|----------------|--------------|
| | Estimated | | | Accumulated | | | | | Accumulated | |
| | Life | Cost | A | Amortization | | Net | Cost | I | Amortization | Net |
| | | | | | (In t | housands) | | | | |
| Intangible Assets: | | | | | | | | | | |
| IPR&D | Indefinite | \$ 11,800 | \$ | _ | \$ | 11,800 | \$ 11,800 | \$ | _ 9 | \$ 11,800 |
| Amgen Amendment | 16 years | 14,500 | | (5,156) | | 9,344 | 14,500 | | (4,708) | 9,792 |
| Core Technology | 11 years | 1,296 | | (1,140) | | 156 | 1,296 | | (1,081) | 215 |
| Total Intangible Assets | | \$ 27,596 | \$ | (6,296) | \$ | 21,300 | \$ 27,596 | \$ | (5,789) | \$ 21,807 |
| Goodwill | Indefinite | \$ 8,965 | \$ | | \$ | 8,965 | \$ 8,965 | \$ | _ 9 | \$ 8,965 |

The IPR&D intangible asset was recorded in connection with the acquisition of CuraGen and relates to the development of glembatumumab vedotin. At the date of acquisition and at June 30, 2015, glembatumumab vedotin had not yet reached technological feasibility nor did it have any alternative future

use. Glembatumumab vedotin is in a randomized, Phase 2b study for the treatment of triple negative breast cancer and a Phase 2 study for the treatment of metastatic melanoma.

(8) Other Long-Term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities include the following:

| | June 30, 2015 | De | cember 31, 2014 |
|---|-------------------|---------|-----------------|
| | (In tho | usands) | |
| Deferred Rent | \$ 432 | \$ | 482 |
| Net Deferred Tax Liability related to IPR&D | 4,661 | | 4,661 |
| Deferred Income from Sale of Tax Benefits | 3,417 | | 4,015 |
| Deferred Revenue | 4,930 | | 5,297 |
| Total | 13,440 | | 14,455 |
| Less Current Portion | (2,792) | | (2,592) |
| Long-Term Portion | \$ 10,648 | \$ | 11,863 |

In December 2014, January 2014, January 2013, January 2012 and January 2011, the Company received approval from the New Jersey Economic Development Authority and agreed to sell New Jersey tax benefits worth \$1.9 million, \$1.1 million, \$0.8 million, \$0.8 million and \$0.6 million to an independent third party for \$1.8 million, \$1.0 million, \$0.8 million, \$0.7 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. Under the agreement, the Company must maintain a base of operations in New Jersey for five years or the tax benefits must be paid back on a pro-rata basis based on the number of years completed. During the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded \$0.6 million and \$0.4 million to other income related to the sale of these tax benefits, respectively.

In September 2013, the Company entered into an agreement with Rockefeller University pursuant to which the Company performs research and development services for Rockefeller. The agreement included an upfront payment of \$1.3 million which is being recognized as revenue over the three year term of the agreement. The Company bills Rockefeller quarterly for actual time and direct costs incurred and recorded \$1.5 million and \$1.6 million in revenue related to the Rockefeller agreement during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively.

In May 2014, the Company entered into a clinical trial collaboration with Bristol-Myers Squibb Company ("BMS") to evaluate the safety, tolerability and preliminary efficacy of varillumab and Opdivo®, BMS's PD-1 immune checkpoint inhibitor, in a Phase 1/2 study. Under the terms of this clinical trial collaboration, BMS made a one-time payment to the Company of \$5.0 million and BMS and the Company amended the terms of the Company's existing license agreement with Medarex (a subsidiary of BMS) related to the Company's CD27 program whereby certain future milestone payments were waived and future royalty rates were reduced that may have been due from the Company to Medarex. In return, BMS was granted a time-limited right of first negotiation if the Company wishes to out-license varillumab. The companies also agreed to work exclusively with each other to explore anti-PD-1

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antagonist antibody and anti-CD27 agonist antibody combination regimens. The clinical trial collaboration provides that the companies will share development costs and that the Company will be responsible for conducting the ongoing Phase 1/2 study.

The Company has determined that its performance obligations under the BMS agreement, which primarily include performing research and development, supplying varilumab and participating in the joint development committee, should be accounted for as a single unit of accounting and estimated that its performance period under the BMS agreement would be 5 years. Accordingly, the \$5.0 million up-front payment was initially recorded as deferred revenue and is being recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the estimated 5-year performance period using the Contingency Adjusted Performance Model ("CAPM"). The BMS agreement also provides for BMS to reimburse the Company for 50% of the external costs incurred by the Company in connection with the clinical trial. These BMS payments will be recognized as revenue under the CAPM. The Company recorded \$0.3 million and \$0.6 million in revenue related to the BMS agreement during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, and \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively.

(9) Stockholders' Equity

In March 2015, the Company issued 8,337,500 shares of its common stock in an underwritten public offering resulting in net proceeds to the Company of \$188.8 million, after deducting underwriting fees and offering expenses.

(10) Stock-Based Compensation

A summary of stock option activity for the six months ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

| | Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (In Years) |
|--|-----------|---|--|
| Options Outstanding at December 31, 2014 | 7,015,350 | \$ 9.34 | 6.6 |
| Granted | 1,734,650 | \$ 25.41 | |
| Exercised | (574,554) | \$ 5.55 | |
| Canceled | (54,263) | \$ 14.41 | |
| Options Outstanding at June 30, 2015 | 8,121,183 | \$ 13.00 | 7.1 |
| Options Vested and Expected to Vest at June 30, 2015 | 8,059,516 | \$ 12.94 | 7.1 |
| Options Exercisable at June 30, 2015 | 4,247,785 | \$ 7.95 | 5.4 |
| Shares Available for Grant under the 2008 Plan | 5,905,772 | | |

The weighted average grant-date fair value of stock options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$15.63. Stock-based compensation expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was recorded as follows:

| | Three months ended June 30, | | | Six months ended June 30, | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|----|----------|---------------------------|-------|----|----------|
| | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2015 | | 2014 |
| | | | (In thou | sands) | | | <u> </u> |
| Research and development | \$ 1,244 | \$ | 747 | \$ | 2,512 | \$ | 1,338 |
| General and administrative | 1,283 | | 764 | | 2,296 | | 1,423 |
| Total stock-based compensation expense | \$ 2,527 | \$ | 1,511 | \$ | 4,808 | \$ | 2,761 |

The fair values of employee and director stock options granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were valued using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

| Three months ended | June 30, | Six months ended June 30, | | |
|--------------------|--|---|---|--|
| 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | |
| 67% | 72% | 67 - 69% | 71 - 72% | |
| 6.0 years | 6.0 years | 6.0 years | 6.0 years | |
| 2.2% | 2.2% | 1.8 - 2.2% | 2.2% | |
| None | None | None | None | |
| 10 | | | | |
| | 2015 67% 6.0 years 2.2% None | 67% 72% 6.0 years 6.0 years 2.2% 2.2% None None | 2015 2014 2015 67% 72% 67 - 69% 6.0 years 6.0 years 6.0 years 2.2% 2.2% 1.8 - 2.2% None None None | |

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(11) Income Taxes

Massachusetts, New Jersey and Connecticut are the three states in which the Company primarily operates or has operated and has income tax nexus. The Company is not currently under examination by any jurisdictions for any tax year.

The Company has evaluated the positive and negative evidence bearing upon the realizability of its net deferred tax assets, which are comprised principally of net operating loss carryforwards, capitalized R&D expenditures and R&D tax credit carryforwards. The Company has determined that it is more likely than not that it will not recognize the benefits of federal and state deferred tax assets and, as a result, a full valuation allowance was maintained at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 against the Company's net deferred tax assets.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Safe Harbor Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995: This report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 under Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements include statements with respect to our beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, expectations, anticipations, assumptions, estimates, intentions and future performance, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may be beyond our control, and which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact are statements that could be forward-looking statements. You can identify these forward-looking statements through our use of words such as "may," "will," "can," "anticipate," "assume," "should," "indicate," "would," "believe," "contemplate," "expect," "seek," "estimate," "continue," "plan," "point to," "project," "predict," "could," "intend," "target," "potential" and other similar words and expressions of the future.

There are a number of important factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement made by us. These factors include, but are not limited to:

- · our ability to successfully complete research and further development, including animal, preclinical and clinical studies, and, if we obtain regulatory approval, commercialization of Rintega[®] (also referred to as rindopepimut and CDX-110), glembatumumab vedotin (also referred to as CDX-011), and other drug candidates and the growth of the markets for those drug candidates;
- our ability to raise sufficient capital to fund our clinical studies and to meet our long-term liquidity needs, on terms acceptable to us, or at all. If we are unable to raise the funds necessary to meet our long-term liquidity needs, we may have to delay or discontinue the development of one or more programs, discontinue or delay on-going or anticipated clinical trials, license out programs earlier than expected, raise funds at significant discount or on other unfavorable terms, if at all, or sell all or part of our business;
- our ability to manage multiple clinical trials for a variety of drug candidates at different stages of development, including ACT IV and ReACT for Rintega and METRIC for glembatumumab vedotin;
- the cost, timing, scope and results of ongoing safety and efficacy trials of Rintega, glembatumumab vedotin, and other preclinical and clinical testing;
- our ability to fund and complete the development and, if we obtain regulatory approval, to commercialize Rintega in North America and Europe ourselves:
- the availability, cost, delivery and quality of clinical and commercial grade materials produced by our own manufacturing facility or supplied by contract manufacturers, suppliers and partners, who may be the sole source of supply;
- the timing, cost and uncertainty of obtaining regulatory approvals for our drug candidates;

- our ability to develop and commercialize products before competitors that are superior to the alternatives developed by such competitors;
- · our ability to negotiate strategic partnerships, where appropriate, for our programs, which may include, Rintega outside of North America and Europe, glembatumumab vedotin and varlilumab (also referred to as CDX-1127);
- · our ability to develop technological capabilities, including identification of novel and clinically important targets, exploiting our existing technology platforms to develop new product candidates and expand our focus to broader markets for our existing targeted immunotherapeutics;
- · our ability to adapt our proprietary antibody-targeted technology, or APC Targeting Technology™, to develop new, safe and effective therapeutics for oncology and infectious disease indications;
- the availability, cost, delivery and quality of clinical management services provided by our clinical research organization partners;
- · our ability to protect our intellectual property rights, including the ability to successfully defend patent oppositions filed against a European patent related to technology we use in varillumab, and our ability to avoid intellectual property litigation, which can be costly and divert management time and attention; and

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• the factors listed under the headings "Business," "Risk Factors" and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and other reports that we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

All forward-looking statements are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary notice. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this report or the date of the document incorporated by reference into this report. We have no obligation, and expressly disclaim any obligation, to update, revise or correct any of the forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. We have expressed our expectations, beliefs and projections in good faith and we believe they have a reasonable basis. However, we cannot assure you that our expectations, beliefs or projections will result or be achieved or accomplished.

OVERVIEW

We are a biopharmaceutical company focused on the development and commercialization of several immunotherapy technologies for the treatment of cancer and other difficult-to-treat diseases. Our drug candidates are derived from a broad set of complementary technologies which have the ability to utilize the human immune system and enable the creation of therapeutic agents. We are using these technologies to develop targeted immunotherapeutics comprised of protein-based molecules such as vaccines, antibodies and antibody-drug conjugates that are used to treat specifics types of cancer or other diseases.

Our latest stage drug candidate, Rintega (also referred to as rindopepimut and CDX-110) is a therapeutic vaccine that completed enrollment in December 2014 to a pivotal Phase 3 study in front-line glioblastoma in patients that express a specific cancer marker known as EGFRvIII. This Phase 3 study completed its first interim analysis at 50% of events (deaths) in June 2015, and an independent Data Safety and Monitoring Board recommended that the study continue as planned. Updated results from a randomized, Phase 2 study of Rintega added to the standard of care for the treatment of recurrent glioblastoma were presented in May 2015. A statistically significant overall survival benefit and the emergence of a long-term survival benefit were observed. The primary endpoint of the study, progression-free survival at six months (PFS6), was met. In February 2015, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, granted Rintega Breakthrough Therapy Designation for the treatment of adult patients with EGFRvIII-positive glioblastoma. Glembatumumab vedotin (also referred to as CDX-011) is a targeted antibody-drug conjugate in a randomized, Phase 2b study for the treatment of triple negative breast cancer and a Phase 2 study for the treatment of metastatic melanoma. Varlilumab (also referred to as CDX-1127) is an immune modulating antibody that is designed to enhance a patient's immune response against their cancer. We established proof of concept in a Phase 1 study with varlilumab, which has allowed several combination studies to begin in various indications. We also have a number of earlier stage drug candidates in clinical development, including CDX-1401, a targeted immunotherapeutic aimed at antigen presenting cells, or APC, for cancer indications and CDX-301, an immune cell mobilizing agent and dendritic cell growth factor. Our drug candidates address market opportunities for which we believe current therapies are inadequate or non-existent.

We are building a fully integrated, commercial-stage biopharmaceutical company that develops important therapies for patients with unmet medical needs. Our program assets provide us with the strategic options to either retain full economic rights to our innovative therapies or seek favorable economic terms through advantageous commercial partnerships. This approach allows us to maximize the overall value of our technology and product portfolio while best ensuring the expeditious development of each individual product.

The following table includes the programs that we currently believe are significant to our business:

| Product (generic) Indication/Field | | Partner | Status |
|------------------------------------|--|---------|-------------|
| CLINICAL | | | |
| Rintega | Front-line glioblastoma | _ | Phase 3 |
| Glembatumumab vedotin | Metastatic breast cancer | _ | Phase 2b |
| Rintega | Recurrent glioblastoma | _ | Phase 2 |
| Glembatumumab vedotin | Metastatic melanoma | _ | Phase 2 |
| Varlilumab | Lymphoma/leukemia and solid tumors | | Phase 1 |
| Varlilumab | Multiple solid tumors | _ | Phase 1/2 |
| CDX-1401 | Multiple solid tumors | _ | Phase 1 |
| CDX-301 | Allogeneic Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation | _ | Phase 2 |
| PRECLINICAL | | | |
| CDX-014 | Ovarian and renal cancer | — | Preclinical |

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novelty and intended use of a product candidate. It is not unusual for the clinical development of these types of product candidates to each take five years or more, and for total development costs to exceed \$100 million for each product candidate. We estimate that clinical trials of the type we generally conduct are typically completed over the following timelines:

| | Estimated Completion |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| Clinical Phase | Period |
| Phase 1 | 1 - 2 Years |
| Phase 2 | 1 - 5 Years |
| Phase 3 | 1 - 5 Years |

The duration and the cost of clinical trials may vary significantly over the life of a project as a result of differences arising during the clinical trial protocol, including, among others, the following:

- the number of patients that ultimately participate in the trial;
- · the duration of patient follow-up that seems appropriate in view of results;
- the number of clinical sites included in the trials;
- · the length of time required to enroll suitable patient subjects; and
- the efficacy and safety profile of the product candidate.

We test potential product candidates in numerous preclinical studies for safety, toxicology and immunogenicity. We may then conduct multiple clinical trials for each product candidate. As we obtain results from trials, we may elect to discontinue or delay clinical trials for certain product candidates in order to focus our resources on more promising product candidates.

An element of our business strategy is to pursue the research and development of a broad portfolio of product candidates. This is intended to allow us to diversify the risks associated with our research and development expenditures. To the extent we are unable to maintain a broad range of product candidates, our dependence on the success of one or a few product candidates increases.

Regulatory approval is required before we can market our product candidates as therapeutic products. In order to proceed to subsequent clinical trial stages and to ultimately achieve regulatory approval, the regulatory agency must conclude that our clinical data is safe and effective. Historically, the results from preclinical testing and early clinical trials (through Phase 2) have often not been predictive of results obtained in later clinical trials. A number of new drugs and biologics have shown promising results in early clinical trials, but subsequently failed to establish sufficient safety and efficacy data to obtain necessary regulatory approvals.

Furthermore, our business strategy includes the option of entering into collaborative arrangements with third parties to complete the development and commercialization of our product candidates. In the event that third parties take over the clinical trial process for one of our product candidates, the estimated completion date would largely be under control of that third party rather than us. We cannot forecast with any degree of certainty which proprietary products, if any, will be subject to future collaborative arrangements, in whole or in part, and how such arrangements would affect our development plan or capital requirements. Our programs may also benefit from subsidies, grants, contracts or government or agency-sponsored studies that could reduce our development costs.

As a result of the uncertainties discussed above, among others, it is difficult to accurately estimate the duration and completion costs of our research and development projects or when, if ever, and to what extent we will receive cash inflows from the commercialization and sale of a product. Our inability to complete our research and development projects in a timely manner or our failure to enter into collaborative agreements, when appropriate, could significantly increase our capital requirements and could adversely impact our liquidity. These uncertainties could force us to seek additional, external sources of financing from time to time in order to continue with our business strategy. Our inability to raise additional capital, or to do so on terms reasonably acceptable to us, would jeopardize the future success of our business.

During the past five years through December 31, 2014, we incurred an aggregate of \$279.3 million in research and development expenses. The following table indicates the amount incurred for each of our significant research programs and for other identified research and development activities during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. The amounts disclosed in the following table reflect direct research and development costs, license fees associated with the underlying technology and an allocation of indirect research and development costs to each program.

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| | | Six Months Ended June 30, | | |
|-----------------------|----|---------------------------|--------|--|
| | 20 |)15 | 2014 | |
| | | (In thousands) | | |
| Rintega | \$ | 24,241 \$ | 25,917 | |
| Glembatumumab vedotin | | 8,895 | 14,799 | |
| Varlilumab | | 8,182 | 4,433 | |
| CDX-1401 | | 1,790 | 2,058 | |

| CDX-301 | 920 | 581 |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| CDX-014 | 3,909 | 1,815 |
| Other Programs | 3,678 | 1,566 |
| Total R&D Expense | \$ 51,615 | \$ 51,169 |

Clinical Development Programs

Rintega

Rintega is an epidermal growth factor receptor variant III, or EGFRvIII, specific vaccine for glioblastoma multiforme, or GBM. EGFRvIII is a mutated form of the epidermal growth factor receptor, or EGFR, that is only expressed in cancer cells and not in normal tissue and can directly contribute to cancer cell growth. EGFRvIII is expressed in approximately 30% of GBM tumors, the most common and aggressive form of brain cancer. Rintega is composed of the EGFRvIII peptide linked to a carrier protein called Keyhole Limpet Hemocyanin, or KLH, and administered together with the adjuvant GM-CSF. The Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, and the European Medicines Agency, or EMA, have both granted orphan drug designation for Rintega for the treatment of EGFRvIII expressing GBM. The FDA has also granted Fast Track designation. In February 2015, the FDA granted Rintega Breakthrough Therapy Designation for the treatment of adult patients with EGFRvIII-positive glioblastoma.

The Phase 2a study of Rintega referred to as ACTIVATE was led by collaborating investigators at the Brain Center at Duke Comprehensive Cancer Center in Durham, North Carolina and at M.D. Anderson Cancer Center in Houston, Texas and enrolled 18 evaluable GBM patients. An extension of the Phase 2a study referred to as ACT II evaluated 22 additional GBM patients treated in combination with the current standard of care, maintenance temozolomide, or TMZ, at the same two institutions.

The Phase 2b study of Rintega referred to as ACT III combined Rintega with standard of care, TMZ, in patients with newly diagnosed GBM. The ACT III study provided for a multi-center, non-randomized dataset for Rintega in 65 patients at over 30 sites throughout the United States.

In November 2013, we announced the four- and five-year survival data from the 105 patients enrolled in the three Phase 2 Rintega clinical studies (ACTIVATE, ACT II and ACT III) in EGFRvIII-positive GBM. Across these three Phase 2 studies of Rintega, survival data remains consistent and suggests a continuing survival benefit in comparison to independent control datasets (see chart below) at the median and at all other time points evaluated.

Phase 2 Frontline Long-term Overall Survival Assessments

| | Median, Years (95% CI) | 2-year rate | 3-year rate | 4-year rate | 5-year rate |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Phase 2 Rintega studies (n=105) | 2.1 (1.8, 2.4) | 51% | 30% | 18% | 14% |
| Matched historical control (n=17)(1) | 1.3 (0.9, 1.7) | 6% | 6% | 0% | 0% |

(1) Patients treated at M.D. Anderson contemporaneously to ACTIVATE, matched for major eligibility requirements, including EGFRvIII- positive GBM, gross total resection and no disease progression through chemoradiation treatment.

The pooled overall long-term survival results continue to be consistent with the ACT III Phase 2 study (18% for 4-years and 14% for 5-years).

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In December 2011, we initiated ACT IV, a pivotal, randomized, double-blind, controlled Phase 3 study of Rintega in patients with surgically resected, EGFRvIII-positive GBM. Patients were randomized after the completion of surgery and standard chemoradiation treatment. The treatment regimen includes a Rintega priming phase post-radiation followed by an adjuvant phase where Rintega is dosed along with TMZ and a Rintega maintenance therapy phase. Patients are treated until disease progression or intolerance to therapy. The primary objective of the study is to determine whether Rintega plus adjuvant GM-CSF improves the overall survival of patients with newly diagnosed EGFRvIII-positive GBM with minimal residual disease post resection and traditional chemo-radiation when compared to treatment with TMZ and a control injection of KLH. KLH is a component of Rintega and was selected due to its ability to generate a similar injection site reaction to that observed with Rintega.

In December 2014, enrollment was completed in the ACT IV study. In total, over 4,800 tissue samples from GBM patients were submitted for EGFRvIII evaluation from more than 200 clinical trial sites across 22 countries and, consistent with prior studies, 30% were positive for the EGFRvIII mutation. The study enrolled 745 patients to reach the required 374 patients with minimal residual disease (assessed by central review) needed for analysis of the primary overall survival endpoint. All patients, including patients with disease that exceed this threshold, will be included in a secondary analysis of overall survival as well as analyses of progression-free survival, safety and tolerability, and quality of life. The timing of the overall survival primary endpoint data is event-driven. The study design requires interim analyses to be conducted by an independent Data Safety and Monitoring Board (DSMB) at 50% and 75% of events (deaths). The first interim analysis occurred in June 2015 and the DSMB recommended continuation of the study as planned. The second interim analysis is currently expected in late 2015 or early 2016, and the final data are expected by the end of 2016; although our expectations regarding the timing for the second interim analysis and final data read out may change based on event rates.

In December 2011, we also initiated ReACT, a Phase 2 study of Rintega in combination with Avastin® in patients with recurrent EGFRvIII-positive GBM. This study completed enrollment in 2014 and includes 3 groups. Group 1 consists of 72 patients who had not previously received Avastin and were randomized to receive either Rintega and Avastin or a control injection of KLH and Avastin in a blinded fashion. Group 2 includes 25 patients who are refractory to Avastin having received Avastin in either the frontline or recurrent setting with subsequent progression and who received Rintega plus Avastin in a single treatment arm. In August 2013, we announced the addition of an expansion cohort of up to 75 patients, called Group 2C, to better characterize the potential activity of Rintega in this refractory patient population. This decision was based on early evidence of anti-tumor activity, including stable disease, tumor shrinkage and investigator-reported response. In total, Group 2C enrolled 28 patients. The primary endpoint is six month progression-free survival rate (PFS-6) for groups 1 and 2 and objective response rate (ORR) for group 2C. Other study endpoints include PFS-6, ORR, PFS, overall survival, or OS and safety and tolerability.

In May 2015, we reported the following updated data from Group 1 of the ReACT study. These data were adjudicated by an independent review committee (IRC) blinded to treatment group assignment and included study results through March 2015 for both intent to treat (ITT) and per protocol (PP) populations; tumor responses were evaluated in accordance with Response Assessment in Neuro-Oncology (RANO) criteria. The IRC analyses are statistically equivalent with and confirm previously reported results. The primary endpoint of the study, progression-free survival at six months (PFS6), was met, and a clear advantage was demonstrated across multiple, clinically important endpoints including overall survival (OS), long-term progression-free survival, objective response rate (ORR) and need for steroids. We continue to follow patients for long-term survival and expect to update these numbers by year-end at an appropriate scientific conference.

Updated Data

- **PFS6:** The primary endpoint of the study, PFS6, was met. In the ITT population, 28% of patients on the Rintega arm were progression free at six months compared to 16% of patients on the control arm (p=0.1163). In the PP population, 30% of patients on the Rintega arm were progression free at six months compared to 12% of patients on the control arm (p=0.0310).
- Survival: The ITT population OS demonstrated a statistically significant benefit (p=0.0386) with a hazard ratio of 0.57 (0.33, 0.98) in favor of the Rintega treated patients. Median OS was 11.6 months for patients treated with Rintega compared to 9.3 months for control patients. The PP population OS demonstrated a statistically significant benefit (p=0.0244) with a hazard ratio of 0.53 (0.30, 0.93) in favor of the Rintega treated patients. Median OS was 10.9 months for patients treated with Rintega compared to 8.5 months for control patients.
- **Response Rate:** Nine out of 30 evaluable ITT patients (30%) on the Rintega arm experienced a confirmed objective response versus six out of 34 evaluable patients (18%) on the control arm. Nine out of 29 evaluable PP patients (31%) on the Rintega arm experienced a confirmed objective response versus five out of 32 evaluable patients (16%) on the control arm. Five patients on the Rintega arm experienced durable responses greater than six months, and three of these patients experienced durable responses greater than one year (range of 14.8+ to 18.4+ months). In contrast, only one

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patient on the control arm experienced a durable response greater than six months, and none experienced a response greater than one year.

- **Steroid Use:** Further emphasizing the level of disease control, 56% of patients on the Rintega arm who were on steroids at the start of treatment were able to stop steroids during treatment versus 42% on the control arm, and 44% of patients on the Rintega arm were able to stop steroids for at least two months during treatment versus only 21% on the control arm. Six patients on the Rintega arm were able to stop steroids for more than six months, and of these, three were able to stop for more than one year versus none on the control arm for either time point.
- · **Immune Response:** Rapid generation of anti-EGFRvIII humoral response correlated with longer survival, though even those with slower development of immune responses benefitted. No patient in the control arm had detectable EGFRvIII specific antibody response. This effect is consistent with Rintega's proposed mechanism of action as a targeted immunotherapeutic vaccine.
- Other: Subgroup analyses, including performance status, steroid use and recent resection, favor Rintega treatment. Rintega was very well tolerated without additive toxicity to Avastin. In Group 2/2C, evidence of rare but prominent tumor regression was reported with an 11% objective response rate observed in this heavily pretreated, refractory patient population.

Glembatumumab Vedotin

Glembatumumab vedotin is an antibody-drug conjugate, or ADC, that consists of a fully-human monoclonal antibody, CR011, linked to a potent cell-killing drug, monomethyl-auristatin E, or MMAE. The CR011 antibody specifically targets glycoprotein NMB, referred to as gpNMB, that is over-expressed in a variety of cancers including breast cancer and melanoma. The ADC technology, comprised of MMAE and a stable linker system for attaching it to CR011, was licensed from Seattle Genetics, Inc. and is the same as that used in the marketed product Adcetris. The ADC is designed to be stable in the bloodstream. Following intravenous administration, glembatumumab vedotin targets and binds to gpNMB and upon internalization into the targeted cell, glembatumumab vedotin is designed to release MMAE from CR011 to produce a cell-killing effect. The FDA has granted Fast Track designation to glembatumumab vedotin for the treatment of advanced, refractory/resistant gpNMB-expressing breast cancer.

Treatment of Breast Cancer: The Phase 1/2 study of glembatumumab vedotin administered intravenously once every three weeks evaluated patients with locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer who had received prior therapy (median of seven prior regimens). The study began with a bridging phase to confirm the maximum tolerated dose, or MTD, and then expanded into a Phase 2 open-label, multi-center study. The study confirmed the safety of glembatumumab vedotin at the pre-defined maximum dose level (1.88 mg/kg) in 6 patients. An additional 28 patients were enrolled in an expanded Phase 2 cohort (for a total of 34 treated patients at 1.88 mg/kg, the Phase 2 dose) to evaluate the PFS rate at 12 weeks. The 1.88 mg/kg dose was well tolerated in this patient population with the most common adverse events of rash, alopecia, and fatigue. The primary activity endpoint, which called for at least 5 of 25 (20%) patients in the Phase 2 study portion to be progression-free at 12 weeks, was met as 9 of 26 (35%) evaluable patients were progression-free at 12 weeks.

For all patients treated at the maximum dose level, tumor shrinkage was seen in 62% (16/26) and median PFS was 9.1 weeks. A subset of 10 patients had "triple negative disease," a more aggressive breast cancer subtype that carries a high risk of relapse and reduced survival as well as limited therapeutic options due to lack of over-expression of HER2/neu, estrogen and progesterone receptors. In these patients, 78% (7/9) had some tumor shrinkage, 12-week PFS rate was 70% (7/10), and median PFS was 17.9 weeks. Tumor samples from a subset of patients across all dose groups were analyzed for gpNMB expression. The tumor samples from most patients showed evidence of stromal and/or tumor cell expression of gpNMB.

In December 2012, we announced final results from the EMERGE study, a randomized, multi-center Phase 2b study of glembatumumab vedotin in 122 patients with heavily pre-treated, advanced, gpNMB positive breast cancer. Patients were randomized (2:1) to receive either glembatumumab vedotin or single-agent Investigator's Choice, or IC, chemotherapy. Patients randomized to receive IC were allowed to cross over to receive glembatumumab vedotin following disease progression. Activity endpoints included response rate, PFS and OS. The final results, as shown below, suggested that glembatumumab vedotin induces significant response rates compared to currently available therapies in patient subsets with advanced, refractory breast cancers with gpNMB over-expression (expression in at least 25% of tumor cells) and in patients with triple negative breast cancer. The OS and PFS of patients treated with

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EMERGE: Overall Response Rate and Disease Control Data

| | gpNMB Over-E | xpression | and gpNMB Over-Expression | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | glembatumumab vedotin (n=25) | Investigator Choice (n=8) | glembatumumab vedotin (n=12) | Investigator Choice (n=4) | |
| Response | 32% | 13% | 33% | 0% | |
| Disease Control Rate | 64% | 38% | 75% | 25% | |

Responses per RECIST 1.1; IC = Investigator's Choice; glembatumumab vedotin arm includes 15 patients who crossed over to receive glembatumumab vedotin treatment after progression on IC. Analysis of best response excludes patients who discontinued from study without evaluable post-baseline radiographic imaging (n=15 for glembatumumab vedotin arm; n=5 for IC arm).

EMERGE: Progression Free Survival (PFS) and Overall Survival (OS) Data

| | gpN! Over-Exp | | Triple Negative and gpNMB Over-Expression | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|--|--|
| | glembatumumab vedotin | Investigator Choice | glembatumumab vedotin | Investigator Choice | | |
| Median PFS (months) | 2.7 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 1.5 | | |
| | p=0.14 | | p=0.008 | | | |
| Median OS (months) | 10.0 | 5.7 | 10.0 | 5.5 | | |
| | p=0.18 | | p=0.003 | | | |

When cross over patients are removed, median OS in patients with gpNMB over-expression is 10.0 months for glembatumumab vedotin vs 5.2 months for IC (p=0.05) and median OS in triple negative patients with gpNMB over-expression is 10.0 months for glembatumumab vedotin vs 5.2 months for IC (p=0.009).

In December 2013, we initiated METRIC, a randomized, controlled Phase 2b study of glembatumumab vedotin in patients with triple negative breast cancer that over-express gpNMB. To-date, 95 sites are open to enrollment across the United States, Canada and Australia. The study was originally designed to obtain accelerated approval. Feedback from clinical investigators conducting the study indicated that the eligibility criteria for study entry were limiting their ability to enroll patients they felt were clinically appropriate on study. In addition, we had spoken to country-specific members of the European Medicines Agency, or EMA, and believed a significant opportunity existed to expand the study into the EU. Based on these factors, in the fourth quarter of 2014, we amended the METRIC study and expanded patient entry criteria to position it for full marketing approval with global regulators, including the EMA, and to support improved enrollment in the study. The primary endpoint of the study is PFS as PFS is an established endpoint for full approval registration studies in this patient population in both the US and the EU. The sample size (n=300) and the secondary endpoint of OS remained unchanged. We implemented these changes in parallel to regulatory discussions to maintain momentum at open clinical trial sites. Since implementation, both the FDA and central European regulatory authorities have reviewed the protocol design and we believe the METRIC study could support marketing approval in both the US and Europe dependent upon data review. Based on current projections, we believe enrollment will be completed in the second half of 2016.

Treatment of Metastatic Melanoma: The Phase 1/2 open-label, multi-center, dose escalation study evaluated the safety, tolerability and pharmacokinetics of glembatumumab vedotin in 117 patients with un-resectable Stage III or Stage IV melanoma who had failed no more than one prior line of cytotoxic therapy. The MTD was determined to be 1.88 mg/kg administered intravenously once every three weeks. The study achieved its primary activity objective with an ORR in the Phase 2 cohort of 15% (5/34). Median PFS was 3.9 months. Glembatumumab vedotin was generally well tolerated, with the most frequent treatment-related adverse events being rash, fatigue, hair loss, pruritus, diarrhea and neuropathy. In the subset of patients with tumor biopsies, high levels of tumor expression of gpNMB appeared to correlate with favorable outcome. In the seven patients whose tumors were found to express high amounts of gpNMB, and who were treated at the maximum tolerated doses across all dosing schedules, median PFS was 4.9 months. The development of rash, which may be associated with the presence of gpNMB in the skin also seemed to correlate with greater PFS.

In December 2014, we initiated a single arm, open-label Phase 2 study of glembatumumab vedotin in patients with unresectable Stage III or IV melanoma. The study is expected to include approximately 10 sites in the United States and will enroll approximately 60 patients. The primary objective is to evaluate the anticancer activity of glembatumumab vedotin in advanced melanoma as measured by the ORR. Secondary endpoints include analyses of PFS, duration of response, OS, retrospective investigation of whether the anticancer activity of glembatumumab vedotin is dependent upon the degree of gpNMB expression in tumor tissue and safety.

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We have completed the assay optimization and validation for a Phase 2 study in squamous cell lung cancer and expect the study will commence in the second half of 2015. We have also entered into a Cooperative Research and Development Agreement, or CRADA, with the National Cancer Institute, or NCI, under which NCI will sponsor two studies of glembatumumab vedotin—one in uveal melanoma and one in pediatric osteosarcoma.

Varlilumab

Varlilumab, a fully human monoclonal agonist antibody, binds and activates CD27, a critical co-stimulatory molecule in the immune activation cascade, primarily by stimulating T cells to attack cancer cells. Restricted expression and regulation of CD27 enables varlilumab specifically to activate T cells, resulting in an enhanced immune response with a favorable safety profile. Varlilumab has also been shown to directly kill or inhibit the growth of CD27

expressing lymphomas and leukemias *in vitro* and *in vivo*. We have entered into license agreements with the University of Southampton, UK for intellectual property to use anti-CD27 antibodies and with Medarex (now a subsidiary of the Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, or BMS) for access to the UltiMab technology to develop and commercialize human antibodies to CD27.

We are conducting an open label Phase 1 study of varlilumab in patients with selected malignant solid tumors or hematologic cancers at multiple clinical sites in the United States. Initial dose escalation cohorts were conducted to determine an optimal dose for future study and, to date, no maximum tolerated dose has been reached. The lymphoid malignancies dose escalation arm has completed enrollment (n=24) and a new cohort has been added to include evaluation of T cell malignancies. An expansion cohort has also been added at 0.3mg/kg dosed once every three weeks in patients with Hodgkin Lymphoma (n=15). The solid tumor arm, which included patients with various solid tumors, completed dose escalation in 2013. Two expansion cohorts were subsequently added at 3 mg/kg dosed weekly in metastatic melanoma (n=16) and renal cell carcinoma (n=15) to better characterize clinical activity and further define the safety profile in preparation for combination studies.

We presented updated data from this Phase 1 study in November 2014. Varlilumab was very well tolerated and induced immunologic activity in patients that is consistent with both its mechanism of action and preclinical models. A total of 86 patients have been dosed in the study. 55 patients have been dosed in dose escalation cohorts (various solid and hematologic B-cell tumors) and 31 patients have been dosed in the expansion cohorts (melanoma and RCC) at 3 mg/kg. In both the solid tumor and hematologic dose-escalations, the pre-specified maximum dose level (10 mg/kg) was reached without identification of a maximum tolerated dose. The majority of adverse events, or AEs, related to treatment have been mild to moderate (Grade 1/2) in severity, with only three serious AEs related to treatment reported. No significant immune-mediated adverse events (colitis, hepatitis, etc.) typically associated with check-point blockade have been observed. Two patients experienced objective responses including a complete response in Hodgkin Lymphoma and a partial response in renal cell carcinoma. Thirteen patients experienced stable disease with a range of 3-30.7+ months to-date. Based on the results observed in hematologic malignancies, an expansion cohort has been added to enroll up to 15 patients with Hodgkin Lymphoma and an abbreviated dose escalation in T cell hematologic malignancies is ongoing.

In May 2014, we entered into a clinical trial collaboration with Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, or BMS, to evaluate the safety, tolerability and preliminary efficacy of varilumab and Opdivo®, BMS's PD-1 immune checkpoint inhibitor, in a Phase 1/2 study. Under the terms of this clinical trial collaboration, BMS made a one-time payment to us of \$5.0 million and the companies amended the terms of our existing license agreement with Medarex (a subsidiary of BMS) related to our CD27 program whereby certain future milestone payments were waived and future royalty rates were reduced that may have been due from us to Medarex. In return, BMS was granted a time-limited right of first negotiation if we wish to out-license varilumab. The companies also agreed to work exclusively with each other to explore anti-PD-1 antagonist antibody and anti-CD27 agonist antibody combination regimens. The clinical trial collaboration provides that the companies will share development costs and that we will be responsible for conducting the Phase 1/2 study.

The Phase 1/2 study was initiated in January of 2015 and is being conducted in adult patients with advanced non-small cell lung cancer, metastatic melanoma, colorectal cancer, ovarian cancer, and head and neck squamous cell carcinoma. The Phase 1 dose-escalation portion of the study will assess the safety and tolerability of varlilumab at varying doses when administered with Opdivo. Following dose escalation, a Phase 2 portion of the study will include five disease specific cohorts. The primary objective of the Phase 2 study is overall response rate. Secondary objectives include pharmacokinetics assessments, determining the immunogenicity of varlilumab when given in combination with Opdivo and further assessing the anti-tumor activity of combination treatment.

In May 2014, we also entered into a clinical trial collaboration with Oncothyreon Inc. to evaluate the safety, tolerability and preliminary efficacy of varlilumab and ONT-10, Oncothyreon's therapeutic vaccine targeting the tumor-associated antigen MUC1, in a Phase 1b study. Under the terms of the clinical trial collaboration, the Phase 1b trial will be conducted and funded by Oncothyreon. Both companies will jointly own the data from the trial and will make any plans for potential future development of the combination therapy together. The Phase 1b study was initiated in November 2014 and is being conducted in up to 42 patients with advanced breast or ovarian cancer. The primary objective of the trial is to determine the safety and tolerability of the combined therapy. Additional

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objectives include evaluations of the impact of combination treatment on MUC1-specific humoral and cellular immune responses, T-cell activation markers and levels of regulatory T- cells, and anti-tumor effects.

In March 2015, we entered into a clinical trial collaboration with Roche to evaluate the safety, tolerability and preliminary efficacy of varillumab and MPDL3280A (anti-PDL1), Roche's investigational cancer immunotherapy in a Phase 1/2 study in renal cell carcinoma. Under the terms of this agreement, Roche will provide study drug and we will be responsible for conducting and funding the study, which is expected to begin in the second half of 2015.

In April 2015, we initiated a Phase 1/2 safety pilot and expansion study examining the combination of varlilumab and Yervoy® in patients with Stage III or IV metastatic melanoma. In the Phase 2 portion of the study, patients with tumors that express NY-ESO-1 will also receive CDX-1401. The Phase 1 portion of the study will assess the safety and tolerability of varlilumab at varying doses when administered with ipilimumab to identify a recommended dose for the Phase 2 portion of the study. The Phase 2 study will include two cohorts—one comprised of patients who are NY-ESO-1 positive and one comprised of patients who are NY-ESO-1 negative. Patients who are NY-ESO-1 positive will also receive CDX-1401 (with poly-ICLC at 2 mg given as an adjuvant) in addition to varlilumab and ipilimumab. The primary objective for both cohorts is objective response rate up to 24 weeks (ORR6). Secondary objectives for the Phase 2 study include safety and tolerability, immunogenicity, pharmacokinetics and further assessment of anti-tumor activity across a broad range of endpoints.

In May 2015, we initiated a Phase 1/2 safety and tolerability study examining the combination of varlilumab and sunitinib (Sutent®) in patients with metastatic clear cell renal cell carcinoma. The Phase 1 portion of the study will assess the safety and tolerability of varlilumab at varying doses when administered with sunitinib to identify a recommended dose for the Phase 2 portion of the study. The primary objective of the Phase 2 portion of the study is to assess the preliminary anti-tumor efficacy of the varlilumab/sunitinib combination measured by the overall response rate. Secondary objectives include safety and tolerability, pharmacokinetics, immunogenicity and further assessment of anti-tumor activity across a broad range of endpoints.

Efforts are underway to finalize designs and plans for additional Phase 2 combination studies of varillumab, including but not limited to a Phase 1/2 study of varillumab plus a MEK pathway agent, followed sequentially by a checkpoint inhibitor, for patients with B-Raf mutated metastatic melanoma. In addition to our sponsored studies and clinical trial collaborations, we anticipate that varillumab's potential activity will also be explored in investigator sponsored studies at various academic institutions.

CDX-1401, developed from our APC Targeting Technology, is an antibody-based NY-ESO-1-specific therapeutic vaccine for multiple solid tumors. The vaccine, which is administered with an adjuvant, is composed of the cancer-specific antigen NY-ESO-1 fused to a fully human antibody that binds to DEC-205 for efficient delivery to dendritic cells. Delivery of tumor-specific proteins directly to dendritic cells in vivo elicits potent, broad, anti-tumor immune responses across populations with different genetic backgrounds. In humans, NY-ESO-1 has been detected in 20% -30% of all melanoma, lung, esophageal, liver, gastric, prostate, ovarian and bladder cancers, thus representing a broad opportunity. We are developing CDX-1401 for the treatment of malignant melanoma and a variety of solid tumors which express the proprietary cancer antigen NY-ESO-1, which we licensed from the Ludwig Institute for Cancer Research in 2006. Preclinical studies have shown that CDX-1401 is effective for activation of human T cell responses against NY-ESO-1.

We have completed a Phase 1 study of CDX-1401 which assessed the safety, immunogenicity and clinical activity of escalating doses of CDX-1401 with TLR agonists (resiquimod and/or Poly ICLC) in 45 patients with advanced malignancies refractory to all available therapies. 60% of patients had confirmed NY-ESO expression in archived tumor sample. Thirteen patients maintained stable disease for up to 13.4 months with a median of 6.7 months. Treatment was well-tolerated and there were no dose limiting toxicities. Humoral responses were elicited in both NY-ESO-1 positive and negative patients. NY-ESO-1-specific T cell responses were absent or low at baseline, but increased post-vaccination in 53% of evaluable patients, including both CD4 and/or CD8 T cell responses. Robust immune responses were observed with CDX-1401 with resiquimod and Poly ICLC alone and in combination. Long-term patient follow up suggested that treatment with CDX-1401 may predispose patients to better outcomes on subsequent therapy with checkpoint inhibitors. Of the 45 patients in the Phase 1 study, eight went on to receive subsequent therapy of either ipilimumab or an investigational checkpoint inhibitor and six of these patients had objective tumor regression. Six patients with melanoma received ipilimumab within three months of treatment with CDX-1401 and four (67%) had objective tumor responses, including one complete response, which compares favorably to the overall response rate of 11% previously reported in metastatic melanoma patients treated with single-agent ipilimumab. In addition, two patients with non-small cell lung cancer received an investigational checkpoint blockade within two months of completing treatment with CDX-1401 and both achieved partial responses.

The Phase 1 study identified a well-tolerated and immunogenic regimen to take forward into future studies. A Phase 2 study of CDX-1401 in combination with CDX-301 in metastatic melanoma is being conducted by the Cancer Immunotherapy Trials

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Network under a CRADA with the Cancer Therapy Evaluation Program of the NCI and is ongoing. As described above, in April 2015, we initiated a Phase 1/2 safety pilot and expansion study examining the combination of varillumab and Yervoy® in patients with Stage III or IV metastatic melanoma. In the Phase 2 portion of the study, patients with tumors that express NY-ESO-1 will also receive CDX-1401.

CDX-301

CDX-301, a recombinant FMS-like tyrosine kinase 3 ligand, or Flt3L, is a potent hematopoietic cytokine that uniquely expands dendritic cells and hematopoietic stem cells in combination with other agents to potentiate the anti-tumor response. Depending on the setting, cells expanded by CDX-301 promote either enhanced or permissive immunity. CDX-301 is in clinical development for multiple cancers, in combination with vaccines, adjuvants, and other treatments that release tumor antigens. We licensed CDX-301 from Amgen Inc. in March 2009 and believe CDX-301 may hold significant opportunity for synergistic development in combination with other proprietary molecules in our portfolio.

In February 2013, we announced final results from our dose-escalating Phase 1 study of CDX-301 in 30 healthy subjects in collaboration with Rockefeller University. The Phase 1 study evaluated seven different dosing regimens of CDX-301 to determine the appropriate dose for further development based on safety, tolerability, and biological activity. The data from the study were consistent with previous clinical experience and demonstrated that CDX-301 was well-tolerated and can effectively mobilize hematopoietic stem cell populations in healthy volunteers. In December 2013, we announced data from a preclinical combination study of CDX-301and Mozobil® (Plerixafor injection, formerly AMD3100) demonstrating that the combination of these agents significantly increases hematopoietic stem cell mobilization in mice. The data demonstrate a novel potent cell mobilization regimen combining CDX-301 and Mozobil®, which may have significant potential for use in autologous and allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation. Based on the safety profile and the clinical and preclinical data to date, we initiated a pilot clinical study of CDX-301 for the mobilization and transplantation of allogeneic hematopoietic stem cells in patients with hematological malignancies undergoing hematopoietic stem cell transplantation. The study will explore the utility of CDX-301 alone and in combination with Mozobil®. In addition to our sponsored studies and clinical trial collaborations, we anticipate that CDX-301's potential activity will also be explored in investigator sponsored studies at various academic institutions.

Preclinical Programs

CDX-014

CDX-014 is a fully-human monoclonal ADC that targets T-cell immunoglobulin and mucin domain 1, or TIM-1, a molecule that is upregulated in several cancers, including renal cell and ovarian carcinomas. TIM-1 is associated with kidney injury and the shedding of its ectodomain is a predictive biomarker for tumor progression. TIM-1 has very restricted expression in healthy tissues, making it a promising target for antibody mediated therapy. The TIM-1 antibody is linked to MMAE using Seattle Genetics' proprietary technology. The ADC is designed to be stable in the bloodstream, but to release MMAE upon internalization into TIM-1-expressing tumor cells, resulting in a targeted cell-killing effect. CDX-014 has shown potent activity in preclinical models of ovarian and renal cancer. We expect to complete manufacturing and IND-enabling studies by the end of 2015 to support the initiation of Phase 1 clinical studies in renal cell carcinoma and potentially other TIM-1 expressing tumors in 2016.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our critical accounting policies are more fully described in Note 2 to our financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and there have been no material changes to such critical accounting policies. We believe our most critical accounting policies include accounting for revenue recognition, impairment of long-lived assets, research and development expenses and stock-based compensation expense.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

| | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | Increase/ (Decrease) | | Increase/ (Decrease) |
|--|--------------------------------|----------|----|----------|-------------------------|-------|-------------------------|
| | | 2015 | | 2014 | | \$ | % |
| | | | | (In tho | ısands) | | |
| Revenue: | | | | | | | |
| Product Development and Licensing Agreements | \$ | 334 | \$ | 200 | \$ | 134 | 67% |
| Contracts and Grants | | 1,844 | | 392 | | 1,452 | 370% |
| Total Revenue | \$ | 2,178 | \$ | 592 | \$ | 1,586 | 268% |
| Operating Expense: | | | | | | | |
| Research and Development | | 26,490 | | 24,100 | | 2,390 | 10% |
| General and Administrative | | 8,184 | | 4,787 | | 3,397 | 71% |
| Amortization of Acquired Intangible Assets | | 254 | | 254 | | _ | 0% |
| Total Operating Expense | | 34,928 | | 29,141 | | 5,787 | 20% |
| Operating Loss | | (32,750) | | (28,549) | | 4,201 | 15% |
| Investment and Other Income, Net | | 391 | | 275 | | 116 | 42% |
| Net Loss | \$ | (32,359) | \$ | (28,274) | \$ | 4,085 | 14% |

Net Loss

The \$4.1 million increase in net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily the result of an increase in research and development and general and administrative expenses, partially offset by an increase in contracts and grants revenue.

Revenue

The \$0.1 million increase in product development and licensing agreements revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily related to our BMS agreement. In May 2014, we entered into a clinical trial collaboration with BMS whereby BMS made a one-time payment to us of \$5.0 million which we are recognizing as revenue along with BMS's 50% share of the clinical trial cost over our estimated performance period of five years. The \$1.5 million increase in contracts and grants revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily related to our Rockefeller University agreement pursuant to which we perform research and development services for Rockefeller.

Research and Development Expense

Research and development expenses consist primarily of (i) personnel expenses, (ii) laboratory supply expenses relating to the development of our technology, (iii) facility expenses, (iv) license fees and (v) product development expenses associated with our product candidates as follows:

| | | Three Months Ended June 30, | | | | ncrease/ Decrease) | Increase/ (Decrease) |
|---------------------|----|--------------------------------|----|----------|---------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| | · | 2015 | | 2014 | | \$ | % |
| | | | | (In thou | ısands) | | |
| Personnel | \$ | 7,227 | \$ | 4,831 | \$ | 2,396 | 50% |
| Laboratory Supplies | | 1,264 | | 845 | | 419 | 50% |
| Facility | | 1,423 | | 1,358 | | 65 | 5% |
| License Fees | | 54 | | 74 | | (20) | (27)% |
| Product Development | | 14,922 | | 15.871 | | (949) | (6)% |

Personnel expenses primarily include salary, benefits, stock-based compensation and payroll taxes. The \$2.4 million increase in personnel expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to higher stock-based compensation of \$0.5 million and increased headcount. We expect personnel expenses to increase over the next twelve months as we plan to continue to increase our headcount, primarily to support our Rintega, glembatumumab vedotin and varillumab programs.

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Laboratory supply expenses include laboratory materials and supplies, services, and other related expenses incurred in the development of our technology. The \$0.4 million increase in laboratory supply expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to higher manufacturing supply purchases. We expect supply expenses to remain relatively consistent over the next twelve months, although there may be fluctuations on a quarterly basis.

Facility expenses include depreciation, amortization, utilities, rent, maintenance, and other related expenses incurred at our facilities. The \$0.1 million increase in facility expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to an increase in depreciation and amortization expense. We expect facility expenses to increase over the next twelve months as a result of us leasing addition space at our headquarters in Hampton, NJ.

License fee expenses include annual license maintenance fees and milestone payments due upon the achievement of certain development, regulatory and/or commercial milestones. License fee expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 were relatively consistent compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014. We expect license fee expense to remain relatively consistent over the next twelve months, although there may be fluctuations on a quarterly basis.

Product development expenses include clinical investigator site fees, external trial monitoring costs, data accumulation costs, contracted research and outside clinical drug product manufacturing. The \$0.9 million decrease in product development expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily the result of a decrease in contract manufacturing costs of \$2.1 million, partially offset by increases in clinical trial and contract research costs of \$0.8 million and \$0.3 million, respectively. We expect product development expenses to remain relatively consistent over the next twelve months as continued decreases in ACT IV costs are offset by increases in our glembatumumab vedotin and varlilumab programs, although there may be fluctuations on a quarterly basis.

General and Administrative Expense

The \$3.4 million increase in general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to higher commercial personnel-related expenses as we prepare for potential product launch and an increase in Rintega and glembatumumab vedotin commercial planning costs. We expect general and administrative expense to increase over the next twelve months primarily due to increased commercial planning efforts for Rintega and glembatumumab vedotin, although there may be fluctuations on a quarterly basis.

Amortization Expense

Amortization expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 were relatively consistent compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014. We expect amortization expense of acquired intangible assets to remain relatively consistent over the next twelve months.

Investment and Other Income, Net

The \$0.1 million increase in investment and other income, net for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to higher cash and investment balances. We anticipate investment and other income to remain relatively consistent over the next twelve months.

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Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 compared with Six Months Ended June 30, 2014

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | Increase/ (Decrease) | | Increase/ (Decrease) |
|--|------------------------------|----------|-----|----------|-------------------------|-------|-------------------------|
| | | 2015 | 30, | 2014 | | | (Decrease) % |
| | | | | (In thou | ısands |) | |
| Revenue: | | | | | | | |
| Product Development and Licensing Agreements | \$ | 676 | \$ | 235 | \$ | 441 | 188% |
| Contracts and Grants | | 1,988 | | 773 | | 1,215 | 157% |
| Total Revenue | \$ | 2,664 | \$ | 1,008 | \$ | 1,656 | 164% |
| Operating Expense: | | | | | | | |
| Research and Development | | 51,615 | | 51,169 | | 446 | 1% |
| General and Administrative | | 14,273 | | 9,369 | | 4,904 | 52% |
| Amortization of Acquired Intangible Assets | | 507 | | 507 | | _ | 0% |
| Total Operating Expense | | 66,395 | | 61,045 | | 5,350 | 9% |
| Operating Loss | | (63,731) | | (60,037) | | 3,694 | 6% |
| Investment and Other Income, Net | | 1,198 | | 1,860 | | (662) | (36)% |
| Net Loss | \$ | (62,533) | \$ | (58,177) | \$ | 4,356 | 7% |

Net Loss

The \$4.4 million increase in net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily the result of an increase in general and administrative expenses, partially offset by an increase in contracts and grants revenue.

Revenue

The \$0.4 million increase in product development and licensing agreements revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily related to our BMS agreement. The \$1.2 million increase in contracts and grants revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily related to our Rockefeller University agreement.

Research and Development Expense

| | Six Months Ended June 30, | | | | Increase/ (Decrease) | Increase/ (Decrease) | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|----|----------|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | 2015 | | 2014 | | \$ | % | |
| | | | (In thou | ısands) | | | |
| Personnel | \$ 13,773 | \$ | 9,292 | \$ | 4,481 | 48% | |
| Laboratory Supplies | 2,429 | | 1,669 | | 760 | 46% | |
| Facility | 2,768 | | 2,559 | | 209 | 8% | |
| License Fees | 209 | | 2,683 | | (2,474) | (92)% | |
| Product Development | 29,457 | | 33,024 | | (3,567) | (11)% | |

The \$4.5 million increase in personnel expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to higher stock-based compensation of \$1.2 million and increased headcount.

The \$0.8 million increase in laboratory supply expense for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to higher manufacturing supply purchases.

The \$0.2 million increase in facility expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to an increase in depreciation and amortization expense.

The \$2.5 million decrease in license fee expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 was due to the one-time \$2.5 million milestone incurred and paid to Seattle Genetics during the six months ended June 30, 2014 as a result of the METRIC initiation.

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The \$3.6 million decrease in product development expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily the result of a decrease in clinical trial costs and contract manufacturing of \$2.3 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, partially offset by increases in contract research costs of \$0.6 million.

General and Administrative Expense

The \$4.9 million increase in general and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to higher commercial personnel-related expenses as we prepare for potential product launch and an increase in Rintega and glembatumumab vedotin commercial planning costs.

Amortization Expense

Amortization expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was relatively consistent as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014.

Investment and Other Income, Net

The \$0.7 million decrease in investment and other income, net for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to \$1.0 million received in February 2014 in connection with our TopoTarget agreement and us recognizing \$0.6 million and \$0.4 million in other income related to the sale of New Jersey tax benefits during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase and consist primarily of investments in money market mutual funds with commercial banks and financial institutions. We maintain cash balances with financial institutions in excess of insured limits. We do not anticipate any losses with respect to such cash balances. We invest our excess cash balances in marketable securities including municipal bond securities, U.S. government agency securities, and high-grade corporate bonds that meet high credit quality standards, as specified in our investment policy. Our investment policy seeks to manage these assets to achieve our goals of preserving principal and maintaining adequate liquidity.

The use of our cash flows for operations has primarily consisted of salaries and wages for our employees, facility and facility-related costs for our offices, laboratories and manufacturing facility, fees paid in connection with preclinical studies, clinical studies, contract manufacturing, laboratory supplies and services, consulting, legal and other professional fees. To date, the primary sources of cash flows from operations have been payments received from our collaborative partners and from government entities. The timing of any new collaboration agreements, government contracts or grants and any payments under these agreements, contracts or grants cannot be easily predicted and may vary significantly from quarter to quarter.

At June 30, 2015, our principal sources of liquidity consisted of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities of \$334.0 million. We incurred a loss of \$62.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015. Net cash used in operations for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$57.4 million. We believe that the cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities at June 30, 2015 are sufficient to meet estimated working capital requirements and fund planned operations through 2017, however, this could be impacted by our clinical data results from our Rintega program and their impact on our pace of commercial manufacturing and the rate of expansion of our commercial operations.

During the next twelve months, we may take further steps to raise additional capital to meet our long-term liquidity needs. Our capital raising activities may include, but may not be limited to, one or more of the following: the licensing of technology programs with existing or new collaborative partners, possible business combinations, issuance of debt, or the issuance of common stock or other securities via private placements or public offerings. While we may seek capital through a number of means, there can be no assurance that additional financing will be available on acceptable terms, if at all, and our negotiating position in capital-raising efforts may worsen as existing resources are used. There is also no assurance that we will be able to enter into further collaborative relationships. Additional equity financing may be dilutive to our stockholders; debt financing, if available, may involve significant cash payment obligations and covenants that restrict our ability to operate as a business; and licensing or strategic collaborations may result in royalties or other terms which reduce our economic potential from products under development.

Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities was \$57.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$52.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in net cash used in operating activities was primarily due to an increase in net loss

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of \$4.4 million and changes in working capital. We expect that cash used in operating activities will increase over the next twelve months primarily related to costs incurred on our Rintega, glembatumumab vedotin and varlilumab programs.

We have incurred and will continue to incur significant costs in the area of research and development, including preclinical and clinical trials, as our drug candidates are developed. We plan to spend significant amounts to progress our current drug candidates through the clinical trial and commercialization

process as well as to develop additional drug candidates. As our drug candidates progress through the clinical trial process, we may be obligated to make significant milestone payments.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$81.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$76.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in net cash used in investing activities was primarily due to net purchases of marketable securities for the six months ended June 30, 2015 of \$78.1 million as compared to \$75.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$192.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, we issued 8,337,500 shares of our common stock in an underwritten public offering resulting in net proceeds to us of \$188.8 million, after deducting underwriting fees and offering expenses. Net proceeds from stock issuances pursuant to employee benefit plans, were \$3.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014.

AGGREGATE CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The disclosures relating to our contractual obligations reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 which was filed with the SEC on February 24, 2015 have not materially changed since we filed that report.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We own financial instruments that are sensitive to market risk as part of our investment portfolio. Our investment portfolio is used to preserve our capital until it is used to fund operations, including our research and development activities. None of these market-risk sensitive instruments are held for trading purposes. We invest our cash primarily in money market mutual funds. These investments are evaluated quarterly to determine the fair value of the portfolio. From time to time, we invest our excess cash balances in marketable securities including municipal bond securities, U.S. government agency securities, and high-grade corporate bonds that meet high credit quality standards, as specified in our investment policy. Our investment policy seeks to manage these assets to achieve our goals of preserving principal and maintaining adequate liquidity. Because of the short-term nature of these investments, we do not believe we have material exposure due to market risk. The impact to our financial position and results of operations from likely changes in interest rates is not material.

We do not utilize derivative financial instruments. The carrying amounts reflected in the balance sheet of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivables and accounts payable approximates fair value at June 30, 2015 due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

As of June 30, 2015, we evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")). Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level as of June 30, 2015. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within time periods specified by the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

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Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended June 30, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K may not be the only risks facing the Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to the Company or that the Company currently deems to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and/or operating results.

There were no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 24, 2015.

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| Item 6. | Exhibits | j |
|---------|----------|---|
| | | |

3.1 Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (Reg. No. 333-59215), filed July 16, 1998 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. 3.2 Certificate of Amendment of Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (Reg. No. 333-59215), filed July 16, 1998 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Second Certificate of Amendment of Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of 3.3 the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (Reg. No. 333-59215), filed July 16, 1998 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Third Certificate of Amendment of Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the 3.4 Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed May 10, 2002 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Fourth Certificate of Amendment of Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of 3.5 the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 11, 2008 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Fifth Certificate of Amendment of Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the 3.6 Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 11, 2008 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Sixth Certificate of Amendment of Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.7 of the 3.7 Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed November 10, 2008 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Celldex Therapeutics, Inc. 2008 Stock Option and Incentive Plan, as amended and restated effective June 10, 2015, incorporated by reference 10.1 to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K, filed on June 11, 2015 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. *10.2 First Amendment to Lease Agreement between the Company and Crown Perryville, LLC dated as of June 17, 2015. *10.3 Employment Agreement, dated as of July 1, 2015, by and between the Company and Richard Wright. *31.1 Certification of President and Chief Executive Officer *31.2 Certification of Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer **32.1 Section 1350 Certifications *101 XBRL Instance Document. *101 XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document. *101 XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document. *101 XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document. XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document. *101 *101 XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document. Filed herewith. ** Furnished herewith.

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Dated: August 10, 2015

Dated: August 10, 2015

SIGNATURES

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CELLDEX THERAPEUTICS, INC.

BY:

/s/ ANTHONY S. MARUCCI

Anthony S. Marucci

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ AVERY W. CATLIN

Avery W. Catlin

Senior Vice President, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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EXHIBIT INDEX

| Exhibit | Providential |
|---------|--|
| No. | Description |
| 3.1 | Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Registration |
| | Statement on Form S-4 (Reg. No. 333-59215), filed July 16, 1998 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. |
| 3.2 | Certificate of Amendment of Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the |
| | Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (Reg. No. 333-59215), filed July 16, 1998 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. |
| 3.3 | Second Certificate of Amendment of Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of |
| | the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (Reg. No. 333-59215), filed July 16, 1998 with the Securities and Exchange |
| | Commission. |
| 3.4 | Third Certificate of Amendment of Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of |
| | the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed May 10, 2002 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. |
| 3.5 | Fourth Certificate of Amendment of Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of |

| | the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 11, 2008 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. |
|--------|--|
| 3.6 | Fifth Certificate of Amendment of Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 11, 2008 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. |
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| | Commission. |
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| *31.2 | Certification of Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer |
| **32.1 | Section 1350 Certifications |
| *101 | XBRL Instance Document. |
| *101 | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document. |
| *101 | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document. |
| *101 | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document. |
| *101 | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document. |
| *101 | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document. |

Filed herewith.

Furnished herewith.

FIRST AMENDMENT OF LEASE

THIS FIRST AMENDMENT OF LEASE (this "Amendment") is made as of the 17th day of June, 2015, between CROWN PERRYVILLE, LLC, having an office c/o Crown Properties, Inc., 8 Fairway Court, Upper Brookville, New York 11771 ("Landlord"), and CELLDEX THERAPEUTICS, INC., having an office at Perryville Corporate Park, 53 Frontage Road, 2nd Floor, Hampton, New Jersey ("Tenant").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, by Lease dated May 1, 2013 (the "**Lease**"), Landlord did demise and let unto Tenant, and Tenant did hire and take from Landlord that certain office premises consisting of approximately 3,539 rentable square feet located on a portion of the first (1st) floor and approximately 29,824 rentable square feet located on a portion of the second (2nd) floor (collectively the "**Original Premises**") in the building known as Perryville III at Perryville Corporate Park located at 53 Frontage Road, Hampton, New Jersey 08827 (the "**Building**") as more particularly described in the Lease; and

WHEREAS, Tenant has properly and timely exercised its Expansion Option (as defined in Section 19.28 of the Lease), and the parties desire by this Amendment to, among other things, permit Tenant to lease from Landlord certain expansion space in the Building, as hereinafter set forth; and

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the mutual receipt and legal sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. **Defined Terms; Recitals**. All terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Lease. The recitals set forth hereinabove are expressly incorporated into the body of this Amendment by reference.
 - 2. **Effective Date**. The effective date of this Amendment shall be August 1, 2015 (the "**Effective Date**").
- 3. **Expansion Space**. Commencing on the Effective Date, Landlord hereby demises and lets unto Tenant, and Tenant hereby leases and hires from Landlord, that certain premises located on a portion of the first (1st) floor of the Building containing approximately 16,262 rentable square feet, without representation or warranty by Landlord, as shown cross-hatched on <u>Exhibit "A"</u> annexed hereto and made a part hereof (the "**Expansion Space**"). As of the Effective Date, the "**Premises**", as said term is used and defined in the Lease, shall be amended to mean the Original Premises and the Expansion Space and the Rentable Area of the Premises shall contain approximately 49,625 rentable square feet in the aggregate.
 - 4. **Extension of Term**. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in the

Lease, the Term is hereby extended for a period of five (5) years commencing on the Effective Date and expiring on July 31, 2020, unless sooner terminated or extended as set forth in the Lease. As of the Effective Date, the Expiration Date, as defined in Section 1.2(G) of the Lease, is modified to mean July 31, 2020

5. <u>Base Rent</u>. As of the Effective Date, Exhibit E to the Lease is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the new Exhibit E set forth below. Commencing on the Effective Date and continuing through and including the Expiration Date, the Base Rent for the Premises shall be payable by Tenant to Landlord on the first day of each month in accordance with the terms and conditions of Section 3.1 of the Lease.

EXHIBIT E

BASE RENT

| | | Base Rent Per | | |
|----|---------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Pe | eriod | Square Foot | Annual Base Rent | Monthly Base Rent |
| | August 1, 2015 — April 30, 2016 | \$ 12.50 | n/a | \$ 51,692.71 |
| | May 1, 2016 — April 30, 2017 | \$ 13.00 | \$ 645,125.00 | \$ 53,760.42 |
| | May 1, 2017 — April 30, 2018 | \$ 13.50 | \$ 669,937.50 | \$ 55,828.13 |
| | May 1, 2018 — April 30, 2019 | \$ 14.00 | \$ 694,750.00 | \$ 57,895.83 |
| | May 1, 2019 — April 30, 2020 | \$ 14.50 | \$ 719,562.50 | \$ 59,963.54 |
| | May 1, 2020 — July 31, 2020 | \$ 15.00 | n/a | \$ 62,031.25 |

6. **Tenant's Early Access**. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this Amendment, Tenant shall be permitted access to the Expansion Space at any time following the execution of this Amendment and prior to the Effective Date for the purposes of installing wiring for telephone/data communication systems and for installation of any and all furniture and personal property in the Expansion Space, provided such access does not interfere with the performance of Landlord's Work (as defined herein). Tenant acknowledges and agrees that any

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such entry into and occupancy of the Expansion Space or any portion thereof by Tenant or any person or entity working for or on behalf of Tenant shall be deemed to be subject to all of the terms, covenants, conditions and provisions of the Lease, excluding only the covenant to pay Base Rent (until the occurrence of the Effective Date). Tenant further acknowledges and agrees that Landlord shall not be liable for any injury, loss or damage which may occur to any of Tenant's work made in or about the Expansion Space in connection with such entry or to any property placed therein prior to the Effective Date, unless caused by or due to Landlord's gross negligence or willful misconduct, the same being at Tenant's sole risk and liability. Tenant shall be liable to Landlord for any damage to any portion of the Expansion Space, including Landlord's Work, caused by Tenant or any of Tenant's employees, agents, contractors, consultants, workmen, mechanics, suppliers and invitees. In addition, Tenant shall hold Landlord harmless from and indemnify, protect and defend Landlord against any loss or damage to the Expansion Space and/or Building and against injury to any persons caused by Tenant's actions pursuant to this Paragraph 5, except if arising from Landlord's gross negligence or willful misconduct.

7. Condition of Expansion Space and Building; Landlord's Work.

- (a) Tenant acknowledges that neither Landlord nor Landlord's agent has made any representations or promises with regard to the Expansion Space for the term herein demised, except as provided herein. Tenant agrees to accept the Expansion Space in its "AS IS" condition as of the Effective Date and that Landlord shall not be obligated to make any repairs, alterations, improvements or additions to the Expansion Space for Tenant's occupancy whatsoever, except that Landlord agrees to perform the following improvements to the Expansion Space prior to the Effective Date, at Landlord's sole cost and expense (collectively "Landlord's Work"): (i) paint the Expansion Space using colors selected by Tenant (to the extent that the cost of any paint chosen by Tenant exceeds the cost of Building-standard paint, Tenant shall reimburse Landlord to the extent of the provable added out-of-pocket expense; alternatively, Landlord shall permit Tenant to paint the Expansion Premises and shall give Tenant an immediate credit for the savings in material and labor in not having to paint the Expansion Space); (ii) repair and/or replace all damaged or missing ceiling tiles, blinds/window treatments and light fixtures; and (iii) if necessary, rebalance the heating, ventilation and air-conditioning system servicing the Expansion Space after the installation or movement of all partitions and/or demising walls. In the event that any of Landlord's Work requires the issuance of permits or approvals, Landlord shall be solely responsible to obtain same and any related certificates of completion.
- (b) As of the date hereof, Landlord represents that, to the best of its knowledge after inquiry, that the Building and Expansion Space are free from Hazardous Substances (as defined in Section 18.1 of the Lease) or other conditions which pose a present danger to health, life or safety (including but not limited to, asbestos-containing materials, PCBs, mold or other environmentally objectionable materials).
- (c) Landlord further represents that, to the best of its knowledge after inquiry, the Expansion Space and the Common Areas of the Building comply with all currently applicable laws, ordinances, regulations and codes (including but not limited to the Americans

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with Disabilities Act and those relating to fire and life safety and the Occupational Safety and Health Act). Except for Tenant's obligations as set forth in Section 19.15 of the Lease, Landlord's obligations with respect to such compliance shall be a continuing obligation and Tenant shall not be obliged to pay as Operating Expenses any sums required by Landlord to come into compliance from time to time.

- 8. <u>Annual Rental Adjustment</u>. As of the Effective Date and for purposes of calculating the Annual Rental Adjustment for the Premises, as amended, in accordance with Section 3.2 of the Lease, the Building Expense Percentage, as defined in Section 1.2(C) of the Lease, is amended to mean 17.70%.
- 9. <u>Electrical Inclusion Amount</u>. Commencing on the Effective Date and continuing through and including the Expiration Date, and in addition to Tenant's obligation to pay for electric charges for the Original Premises as set forth in Article 3 of the Lease, Tenant shall be obligated to pay to Landlord, as Additional Rent, the Electrical Inclusion Amount for the Expansion Space in the amount of \$28,458.50 per annum, payable in equal monthly installments of \$2,371.54 (\$1.75 per square foot), pursuant to Section 3.3 of the Lease, and subject to survey and increases based upon Tenant's consumption and/or increases in utility costs.
- 10. <u>Insurance</u>. No later than the Effective Date, Tenant agrees to deliver to Landlord a new or amended certificate of insurance including coverage for the Expansion Space in accordance with terms and conditions of Section 9.3 of the Lease.
- 11. **Parking.** As of the Effective Date, Section 19.22 of the Lease is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following new Section 19.22, and Exhibit G of the Lease is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the new Exhibit G attached hereto as Exhibit "B" and made a part hereof:
 - "Section 19.22. Landlord shall provide to Tenant, at Tenant's sole cost and expense, with the following: (a) four (4) unreserved parking spaces for every 1,000 square feet leased in the Building's parking facility, (b) six (6) reserved parking spaces near the side entrance to the Building, (c) six (6) parking spaces outside of the first floor mechanical room, and (d) eight (8) reserved parking spaces located in the front of the Building, all as more particularly shown on **Exhibit G** hereto, subject to municipal approval."
- Broker. Landlord and Tenant each represent and warrant to the other that there was no broker or finder with whom either has had any dealings, negotiations or consultations with other than CBRE, Inc. and The Garibaldi Group (collectively the "Broker"), and that no broker or finder took any part in any dealings, negotiations or consultations relating to this Amendment other than the Broker. Landlord and Tenant each agrees to be responsible for, indemnify, defend and hold harmless the other from and against all costs, fees (including, without limitation, attorney's fees), expenses, liabilities and claims incurred or suffered by the other arising from any breach by Landlord or Tenant of the foregoing representation and

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warranty. Landlord hereby agrees that it shall be responsible for the payment of all fees and/or commissions due to the Broker pursuant to the terms of a separate agreement.

13. <u>Signage</u>. Landlord shall at its sole cost and expense provide Tenant with Building suite entry door signage and a listing in the Building's main lobby directory. Tenant, at its sole cost and expense, shall have the right to place its corporate logo (the "Tenant Logo") on the top of the Building's façade, to the right of the main Building entrance in the location specified on <u>Exhibit "C"</u>, attached hereto and made part hereof, in the largest size permitted, it being understood, however, that the size, design, location and materials for the Tenant Logo shall be subject to all codes, ordinances and approval of the local municipality, and the design of the Tenant Logo shall be subject to Landlord's approval, such approval not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed. Landlord hereby approves the location of the Tenant Logo, subject only to such municipal approval. In the event the Tenant Logo is approved by the local municipality, Landlord agrees, at Landlord's sole cost and expense, to trim the trees in the front of the Building so that the view of the Tenant Logo is not obstructed. Tenant shall be responsible, at its sole cost and expense, for the maintenance, repair and replacement of the Tenant Logo at all times throughout the term of the Lease. Tenant hereby agrees that on or before the Expiration Date, it shall remove the Tenant Logo from the façade of the Building and restore the façade to its original condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted.

- 14. **Tenant's Options**. Landlord and Tenant hereby acknowledge and agree that Tenant's Expansion Option and Right of First Offer, as set forth in Sections 19.28 and 19.29 of the Lease, respectively, are hereby ratified and confirmed and shall continue to be and remain in full force and effect in accordance with the Lease.
- 15. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original but all of which shall constitute one Amendment. Furthermore, this Amendment may be executed by a party's signature transmitted by facsimile or by electronic mail in pdf format ("pdf"), and copies of this Lease executed and delivered by means of faxed or pdf signatures shall have the same force and effect as copies hereof executed and delivered with original signatures. All parties hereto may rely upon faxed or pdf signatures as if such signatures were originals.
- 16. **Effect of Amendment.** As modified and amended by this Amendment, all of the terms, covenants and conditions of the Lease are hereby ratified and confirmed and shall continue to be and remain in full force and effect throughout the remainder of the term thereof.

[The remainder of this page is left intentionally blank. Signature page to follow.]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be executed as of the day and year first above written.

Landlord

CROWN PERRYVILLE, LLC

By: Crown NJ, LLC, Its Managing Member

By: /s/ Davar Rad

Name: Davar Rad

Title: Managing Member

Tenant

CELLDEX THERAPEUTICS, INC.

By: /s/ Anthony S. Marucci

Name: Anthony S. Marucci Title: President and CEO

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Exhibit "A"

Expansion Space — Floor Plan

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Exhibit "B"

New Exhibit G — Parking Plan

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Exhibit "C"

<u>Proposed Location for Tenant Logo</u>

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EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

This **EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT** (the "Agreement") is entered into this 1st day of July, 2015 (the "Effective Date"), between **Richard Wright** (the "Executive") and CELLDEX THERAPEUTICS, INC., a Delaware corporation (the "Company") (collectively, the Executive and the Company shall be referred to as the "Parties"). In consideration of the mutual promises and agreements contained herein, the Parties agree as follows:

- **1. PURPOSE.** The Company desires to continue to avail itself of the services of the Executive as Senior Vice President, and Chief Commercial Officer, and the Executive desires to continue to provide such services in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. The Parties agree that the duties and obligations expected of the Executive and of the Company are as set forth in this Agreement.
- **2. EFFECTIVE DATE AND TERM.** This Agreement shall be effective, and its term (the "Term") shall commence as of the Effective Date. The Term shall continue through and until December 31, 2016 (the "Initial Term"), unless terminated sooner as provided by this Agreement or extended by the Parties. The Term shall be automatically renewed for successive periods of one year each (each, a "Renewal Term"), unless either Party gives to the other written notice of intent not to renew at least ninety (90) days prior to the expiration of the Initial Term or any Renewal Term (a "Notice of Non-Renewal").

3. COMPENSATION.

- **A. Salary.** During the Term, the Company shall pay or cause to be paid to the Executive, in installments pursuant to the Company's payroll practices as in effect from time to time, a base salary at a rate of \$313,025.48 per annum or such greater amount as may from time to time be determined by the Company (the "Base Salary"). The Base Salary shall be reviewed annually in accordance with the Company's compensation and review policies and, in the sole discretion of the Company, may be increased.
- **B.** Annual Bonus. With respect to each fiscal year of the Company that ends during the Term, the Executive shall be eligible to receive an annual bonus having a target of 35% of the Executive's then Base Salary (the "Annual Bonus") based upon the Executive's overall performance of services on behalf of the Company during such fiscal year, and/or based upon the Company's attainment of pre-established goals relating to such fiscal year (which if applicable, will be determined by the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company and communicated to the Executive within 30 days following the beginning of the applicable fiscal year). The attainment of any applicable performance goals and the amount to be paid in respect of the Annual Bonus shall be determined by the CEO in good faith and in accordance with such written goals and policies as may be established from time to time by the Company. The Annual Bonus shall be deemed to have been earned and accrued only upon the formal approval of the CEO of the amount of the Annual Bonus following such determination. The Annual Bonus, if any, shall be payable as a lump-sum payment within sixty (60) days immediately following the

last day of the applicable fiscal year. The Board may delegate all or any of its obligations under this Agreement to the Compensation Committee of the Board.

- **C. Expenses.** The Company shall reimburse the Executive for any travel, hotel, entertainment and other expenses reasonably incurred by the Executive in furtherance of the Executive's duties under this Agreement subject to and in accordance with the Company's applicable travel and expense reimbursement policies.
- **D. Employee Benefits.** The Executive shall be entitled to participate in any and all employee benefit plans in effect from time to time that are provided generally to employees of the Company, and in any executive perquisite programs in effect from time to time that provide benefits to other executives of the Company of comparable stature and with comparable duties and responsibilities. During the Term, the Company shall acquire and pay for, or reimburse the Executive for, hospitalization, dental, major medical, or other health insurance for the benefit of the Executive and his dependents at least equal to that generally provided other executive employees under the Company's group health insurance plan(s). The Executive shall, during the Term, be entitled to paid time off in accordance with applicable Company policies in effect from time to time, in addition to public holidays observed by the Company. The Executive shall be entitled to twenty (20) business days of vacation each year (increasing to twenty five (25) business days after ten (10) years of service as an employee of the Company (including employment with any subsidiary of the Company)). The Executive shall be entitled to carry any unused vacation days over to the next calendar year.

4. **DUTIES OF THE EXECUTIVE.**

- **A. Duties.** During the Term, the Executive shall hold the title of Senior Vice President, Commercial and shall perform such duties as the Company may reasonably require and shall use his best efforts to carry into effect the directions of Company senior management. The Executive shall report to the CEO or any other officer of the Company that the CEO or the Board of Directors (the "Board") shall designate from time to time.
- **B. Representation.** During the Term, the Executive shall well and faithfully serve the Company and use the Executive's best efforts to promote the interests of the Company. The Executive shall at all times give the Company the full benefit of his knowledge, expertise, technical skill and ingenuity in the performance of his duties and exercise of his powers and authority in the capacity or capacities described in <u>Section 4(A)</u> hereof, as the case may be.
- **C. Time Devoted by Executive.** The Executive agrees to devote substantially all of the Executive's time and attention during business hours and such additional time and attention as may reasonably be required to perform his duties hereunder.

5. RESTRICTIONS ON THE EXECUTIVE.

A. Non-Disclosure of Confidential Information. All information learned or developed by the Executive during the course of the Executive's employment by the Company or any subsidiary thereof will be deemed "Confidential Information" under the terms of this Agreement. Examples of Confidential Information include, but are not limited to, business, scientific and technical information owned or controlled by the Company, including the

Company's business plans and strategies; business operations and systems; information concerning employees, customers, partners and/or licensees; patent applications; trade secrets; inventions; ideas; procedures; formulations; processes; formulae; data and all other information of any nature whatsoever which relate to the Company's business, science, technology and/or products. In addition, Confidential Information shall include, but not be limited to, all information which the Company may receive from third parties. The Executive will not disclose to any person at any time or use in any way, except as directed by the Company, either during or after the employment of the Executive by the Company, any Confidential Information. The foregoing restrictions shall not apply to information which is or becomes part of the public domain though no act or failure to act by the Executive. In addition to the foregoing, in the process of the Executive's employment with the Company, or thereafter, under no condition is the Executive to use or disclose to the Company, or incorporate or use in any of his work for the Company, any confidential information imparted to the Executive or with which he may have come into contact while in the employ of his former employer(s).

B. Inventions. The term "Invention" means any invention, discovery, improvement, apparatus, implement, process, compound, composition or formula, whether or not patentable, conceived or reduced to practice, in whole or in part, by the Executive (alone, or jointly with others) during any term of his employment by the Company and twelve (12) months thereafter which directly or indirectly relates to the business, science, technology or products of the Company and /or any Confidential Information. The Executive will keep, on behalf of the Company, complete, accurate, and authentic accounts, notes, data, and records ("Records") of each and every Invention, which Records will, at all times, be the property of the Company. The Executive will comply with the directions of the Company with respect to the manner and form of keeping or surrendering Records and will surrender to the Company all Records at the end of the Executive's term of employment by the Company.

Each Invention will be the sole and exclusive property of the Company. The Executive will, at the request of the Company, make application in due form for United States letters patent and foreign letters patent (each, a "Patent") on any Invention and execute any necessary documents in connection with the Patents. The Executive will assign and transfer to the Company all right, title, and interest of the Executive in any Patents or Patent applications. The Executive agrees to cooperate with any actions necessary to continue, renew or retain the Patents. The Company will bear the entire expense of applying for and obtaining the Patents.

For one year after the termination of the Executive's employment by the Company, the Executive will not file any applications for Patents on any Invention other than those filed at the request of and on behalf of the Company.

The Executive, as a condition of his employment, hereby represents that, to the best of his knowledge, there is not as of the date of this Agreement any agreement or obligation outstanding with or to any of his former employers or other party, which would restrict, limit or in any way prohibit all or any portion of his work or employment, nor is there in his possession any confidential information used by any of his former employers or any other party (except as may have been revealed in generally available publications or otherwise made publicly available).

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C. Non-Competition; Non-Solicitation.

(1) Non-Competition. During the Term, without the consent of the Board, and thereafter as specifically provided in Subsection 6.A.(2), 6.B.(4) or 6.C.(2), the Executive may not directly or indirectly engage in, or have any interest in, any business (whether as employee, officer, director, agent, security holder, creditor, consultant, or otherwise) that competes with the vaccine and/or antibody business of the Company or any subsidiary thereof (as such business may exist during the Term).

(2) Non-Solicitation of Employees. During the Term, and thereafter as specifically provided in Subsection 6.A.(2), 6.B.(4) or 6.C.(2), the Executive shall not, directly or indirectly induce or solicit any employee or independent contractor of the Company or any subsidiary thereof to terminate his or her employment with the Company for the purpose of joining another company in which the Executive has an interest (whether as an employee, officer, director, agent, security holder, creditor, consultant, or otherwise).

D. Breach. The Executive acknowledges that there may be circumstances in which his breach of any covenant set forth in this Section 5 could cause substantial harm to the Company which may not be compensable by monetary damages alone, and which could potentially entitle the Company to injunctive relief. However, by acknowledging this possibility, the Executive is not agreeing to waive his right to require the Company to meet its evidentiary burdens as required by law in any cause of action brought by the Company seeking such injunctive relief. The restrictions contained in Subsection 5.C. above shall not prohibit Executive from owning (beneficially or of record) less than 5% of any class of equity or debt security issued by a publicly-held company, regardless of whether that publicly-held company is otherwise a competitor of the Company.

6. TERMINATION.

A. Termination for Cause by the Company.

(1) This Agreement and the Term may be terminated "for cause" by the Company pursuant to the provisions of this Subsection 6.A. If the Company determines that "cause" exists for termination of the Executive's employment, written notice thereof must be given to the Executive describing the state of affairs or facts deemed by the Company to constitute such cause. Unless the Company determines that the conduct constituting cause is not curable, the Executive shall have thirty (30) days after receipt of such notice to cure the reason constituting cause and if the Executive does so to the reasonable satisfaction of the Company, the Term shall not be terminated for the cause specified in the notice. During such thirty (30) day period, the Term shall continue and the Executive shall continue to receive his full Base Salary, expenses and benefits pursuant to this Agreement. If such cause is not cured to the Company's reasonable satisfaction within such thirty (30) day period, the Executive may then be immediately terminated by the Company. For purposes of this Agreement, the words "for cause" means (i) dishonest statements or acts of the Executive with respect to the Company or any subsidiary or other affiliate of the Company; (ii) the commission by or indictment of the Executive for (A) a felony or (B) any misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, deceit, dishonesty or fraud (indictment, for these purposes, meaning an indictment, probable cause hearing or any

other procedure pursuant to which an initial determination of probable or reasonable cause with respect to such offense is made); or (iii) gross negligence, willful misconduct or insubordination of the Executive with respect to the Company or any subsidiary or other affiliate of the Company.

- (2) In the event the Term is terminated by the Company for cause, the provisions of Subsections 5.C.(1) and 5.C.(2) shall continue to apply for one year after the conclusion of the Term.
- (3) In the event the Term is terminated by the Company for cause, the Executive's entire right to salary and benefits hereunder (with the exception of Base Salary and Annual Bonus (if any) earned and accrued prior to termination) shall cease upon such termination.

B. Termination Without Cause by the Company or for Good Reason by the Executive.

- (1) The Company shall have the right to terminate the Term, at any time, without cause upon ninety (90) days' written notice to the Executive.
- (2) The Executive shall have the right to terminate the Term for good reason on thirty (30) days written notice to the Company. For purposes of this Agreement, the words "for good reason" or "good reason" shall be limited to the following actions by the Company without the Executive's consent: (a) the assignment to the Executive of any duties or responsibilities that results in a material diminution in the Executive's position or function; *provided*, *however*, that a change in the Executive's title or reporting relationships shall not provide the basis for a termination with good reason; (b) a relocation of the Executive's business office to a location more than fifty (50) miles from the location in Hampton, NJ at which the Executive is working as of the Effective Date, except for required travel by the Executive on the Company's business to an extent substantially consistent with the Executive's business travel obligations as of the Effective Date; or (c) a material breach by the Company of any provision of this Agreement or any other material agreement between the Executive and the Company concerning the terms and conditions of the Executive's employment. Such a termination by the Executive for good reason shall not be considered a resignation pursuant to Subsection 6.C.(1).
- (3) In the event the Term is terminated pursuant to Subsection 6.B.(1) or 6.B.(2), or in the event that the Term is terminated at the end of the Initial Term in connection with the Company providing the Executive with a Notice of Non-Renewal effective in connection with the expiration of the Initial Term, the Company shall pay the Executive as a severance benefit a lump sum cash severance payment in an amount equal to 100% of the Executive's then existing annual Base Salary (i.e., twelve (12) months of Base Salary) (the "Severance Payment") plus Base Salary and Annual Bonus (if any) earned and accrued prior to termination. In addition, if and to the extent the Executive timely elects to continue his health insurance employee benefits pursuant to COBRA, then the Company will pay the Executive for a period of 18 months, commencing with the payroll date on or following the 63rd day after the last day of his employment with the Company, subject to the effectiveness of the Release (as defined below) a monthly amount, payable in accordance with the Company's regular payroll practices, equal to the applicable COBRA costs, subject to applicable tax withholdings (the "Supplemental").

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Payments"). The Severance Payment shall be paid within 10 days following the effectiveness of the Release (as defined below); <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that if necessary to comply with the restriction in Section 409A(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") concerning payments to "specified employees," to the extent applicable, such payment shall be delayed until the first business day of the seventh month following the Executive's termination of employment and "separation from service" (within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code).

- (4) In the event the Term is terminated or the Executive's employment with the Company terminates in a manner described in this Section 6.B., the provisions of Subsections 5.C.(1) and 5.C.(2) shall continue to apply for one year after the conclusion of the Term.
- (5) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained herein, the Executive shall not be eligible or entitled to receive the Severance Payment, Supplemental Payments or Change in Control Payment (as defined below), as applicable, unless he executes (and does not revoke during any applicable revocation period) and delivers to the Company a separation agreement and release of claims, in such form prepared in good faith by the Company and provided to the Executive to review no later than 10 days following the last day of his employment with the Company, within 55 days following his last day of employment with the Company (the "Release"). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, in the event such 55-day period covers more than one calendar year, the Severance Payment shall be paid in the second calendar year (on the first regular pay date of such calendar year following the date that the Release becomes effective and is no longer subject to revocation, unless a later date is required by Section 6.B.(3) above), regardless of whether the Executive executes and delivers the Release in the first or the second calendar year encompassed in such 55-day period.

C. Resignation by the Executive.

- (1) The Executive shall have the right to terminate the Term, by way of resignation, upon ninety (90) days' written notice to the Company. A termination by the Executive for good reason pursuant to Subsection 6.B.(2) shall not be considered a resignation pursuant to this Subsection 6.C.(1).
- (2) In the event the Term is terminated pursuant to Subsection 6.C.(1), the provisions of Subsections 5.C.(1) and 5.C.(2) shall continue to apply for one year after the conclusion of the Term.
- (3) In the event the Term is terminated pursuant to Subsection 6.C.(1), the Executive's entire right to salary and benefits hereunder (with the exception of Base Salary and Annual Bonus earned and accrued prior to termination) shall cease upon such termination.

D. Termination Upon Change in Control.

(1) For the purposes of this Agreement, a "Change in Control" shall mean any of the following events that occurs following the Effective Date:

- (a) An acquisition (other than directly from the Company) of any voting securities of the Company (the "Voting Securities") other than in a "Non-Control Acquisition" (as defined below) by any "Person" (as the term "person" is used for purposes of Section 13(d) or 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the "1934 Act")) which results in such Person first attaining "Beneficial Ownership" (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the 1934 Act) of fifty-one percent (51%) or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding Voting Securities. For purposes of the foregoing, a "Non-Control Acquisition" shall mean an acquisition by (i) an employee benefit plan (or a trust forming a part thereof) maintained by (x) the Company or (y) any corporation or other Person of which a majority of its voting power or its equity securities or equity interest is owned directly or indirectly by the Company (a "Subsidiary"), or (ii) the Company or any Subsidiary.
- (b) The individuals who, as of the date of this Agreement, were members of the Board (the "Incumbent Board") cease for any reason to constitute at least 66 2/3% of the Board; *provided*, *however*, that if the election, or a nomination for election by the Company's shareholders, of any new director was approved by a vote of at least 66 2/3% of the Incumbent Board, such new director shall be considered as a member of the Incumbent Board; *provided further*, *however*, that no individual shall be considered a member of the Incumbent Board if such individual initially assumed office as a result of either an actual or threatened "Election Contest" (as described in Rule 14a-11 promulgated under the 1934 Act) or other actual or threatened solicitation of the proxies or consents by or on behalf of a Person other than the Board (a "Proxy Contest") including by reason of any agreement intended to avoid or settle any Election Contest or Proxy Contest; or
- (c) The consummation of a transaction approved by the Company's shareholders and involving: (1) a merger, consolidation or reorganization in which the Company is a constituent corporation, unless (i) the shareholders of the Company, immediately before such merger, consolidation or reorganization, own, directly or indirectly immediately following such merger, consolidation or reorganization, at least a majority of the combined voting power of the outstanding voting securities of the corporation resulting from such merger, consolidation or reorganization (the "Surviving Corporation") in substantially the same proportion as their ownership of the voting securities immediately before such merger, consolidation or reorganization, (ii) the individuals who were members of the Incumbent Board immediately prior to the execution of the agreement providing for such merger, consolidation or reorganization constitute at least a majority of the members of the board of directors of the Surviving Corporation, and (iii) no Person other than (w) the Company, (x) any Subsidiary, (y) any employee benefit plan (or any trust forming a part thereof) maintained by the Company, the Surviving Corporation or any Subsidiary, or (z) any Person who, immediately prior to such merger, consolidation or reorganization had Beneficial Ownership of fifty-one percent (51%) or more of the then outstanding Voting Securities, has Beneficial Ownership of fifty-one percent (51%) or more of the combined voting power of the Surviving Corporation's then outstanding voting securities (a transaction described in clauses (i) and (ii) shall herein be referred to as a "Non-Control Transaction"); (2) a complete liquidation or dissolution of the Company; or (3) an agreement for the sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company to any Person (other than a transfer to a Subsidiary).

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- (d) Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Change in Control shall not be deemed to occur solely because the level of Beneficial Ownership held by any Person (the "Subject Person") exceeds the designated percentage threshold of the outstanding Voting Securities as a result of a repurchase or other acquisition of Voting Securities by the Company reducing the number of shares outstanding, provided that if a Change in Control would occur (but for the operation of this sentence) as a result of the acquisition of Voting Securities by the Company, and after such share acquisition, the Subject Person becomes the Beneficial Owner of any additional Voting Securities which, assuming the repurchase or other acquisition had not occurred, increases the percentage of the then outstanding Voting Securities Beneficially Owned by the Subject Person over the designated percentage threshold, then a Change in Control shall occur.
- (2) In the event of a termination of the Term pursuant to an event described in Section 6.B. above, that occurs within a period of one year immediately following a Change in Control, then this Section 6.D. shall apply instead of Section 6.B., and the Company shall provide the Executive the following benefits:
- (a) Amount: In addition to all compensation for services rendered by Executive to the Company up to the date of termination, the Company shall pay to Executive a single lump-sum payment in an amount equal to (i) twenty-four (24) times Executive's highest monthly base compensation paid hereunder during the preceding twenty-four month period, plus (ii) 150% of the highest one-year Annual Bonus actually received by the Executive during the preceding two full fiscal years prior to the date of termination (such aggregate amount the "Change in Control Payment"). The Change in Control Payment shall be paid within 10 days following the effectiveness of the Release; provided, however, that if necessary to comply with the restriction in Section 409A(a)(2)(B) of the Code concerning payments to "specified employees," to the extent applicable, such payment shall be delayed until the first business day of the seventh month following the Executive's termination of employment and "separation from service" (within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code).
- **(b) Benefits:** In addition to the payment described above, the Company shall provide the Executive with the Supplemental Payments.
- (c) Acceleration of Options: One hundred (100%) percent of the Executive's outstanding, unvested options, restricted stock and/or equity awards ("Equity Awards") shall, immediately prior to the consummation of the Change in Control, become fully and immediately vested to the extent not already so provided under the terms of such Equity Awards; provided, however, that if the acquirer in a Change in Control grants Equity Awards having (in the reasonable opinion of the Board) a value at least equal to the value of Executive's then-unvested Company Equity Awards, then 50% of the Executive's outstanding, unvested Company Equity Awards shall become fully and immediately vested immediately prior to the consummation of the Change in Control (and the remaining 50% shall terminate upon the consummation of the Change in Control). Notwithstanding any provisions of the stock option plan or stock option agreement pursuant to which any stock options subject to the preceding sentence were granted, the Executive shall be entitled to exercise such Equity Awards until three years from the date of termination of employment or the expiration of the stated period of the Equity Award, whichever period is the shorter.

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The "Reduced Amount" shall be either (x) the largest portion of the Payment that would result in no portion of the Payment being subject to the Excise Tax or (y) the largest portion, up to and including the total, of the Payment, whichever amount, after taking into account all applicable federal, state and local employment taxes, income taxes, and the Excise Tax (all computed at the highest applicable marginal rate), results in the Executive's receipt, on an after-tax basis, of the greater amount of the Payment notwithstanding that all or some portion of the Payment may be subject to the Excise Tax. If a reduction in payments or benefits constituting "parachute payments" is necessary so that the Payment equals the Reduced Amount, reduction shall occur in the following order: reduction of cash payments; cancellation of accelerated vesting of stock options or equity awards; reduction of employee benefits. In the event that acceleration of vesting of stock option or equity award compensation is to be reduced, such acceleration of vesting shall be cancelled in the reverse order of the date of grant of the Executive's stock options or equity awards.

The accounting firm engaged by the Company for general audit purposes as of the day prior to the effective date of the Change in Control shall perform the foregoing calculations and shall make all determinations relating to the reduction of parachute payments described in the foregoing paragraph. If the accounting firm so engaged by the Company is also serving as accountant or auditor for the individual, entity or group effecting the Change in Control, the Company shall appoint a nationally recognized accounting firm to make the determinations required hereunder. The Company shall bear all expenses with respect to the determinations by such accounting firm required to be made hereunder.

The accounting firm engaged to make the determinations hereunder shall provide its calculations, together with detailed supporting documentation, to the Company and the Executive within fifteen (15) calendar days after the date on which the Executive's right to a Payment is triggered (if requested at that time by the Company or the Executive) or such other time as requested by the Company or the Executive. If the accounting firm determines that no Excise Tax is payable with respect to a Payment, either before or after the application of the Reduced Amount, it shall furnish the Company and the Executive with an opinion reasonably acceptable to the Executive that no Excise Tax will be imposed with respect to such Payment. Any good faith determinations of the accounting firm made hereunder shall be final, binding and conclusive upon the Company and the Executive.

E. Termination for Disability.

(1) Should the Executive be absent from work as a result of personal injury, sickness or other disability for any continuous period of time exceeding one hundred eighty (180) days, the Term may be terminated by the Company, upon written notice given to the Executive, because of the Executive's disability.

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(2) In the event the Term is terminated pursuant to Subsection 6.E.(1), the Company shall have no further obligation to the Executive except to pay to the Executive any Base Salary or Annual Bonus earned and accrued but remaining unpaid prior to termination of the Term (and to provide the Executive with the benefits under any disability insurance or disability benefits plan then-maintained by the Company for the Executive's benefit, in accordance with the terms and conditions of such plan). In addition, notwithstanding any provisions of the stock option plan or stock option agreement pursuant to which any stock options were granted, the Executive shall be entitled to exercise any of Executive's stock options vested as of the final day of the Term until eighteen months from the final day of the Term or the expiration of the stated period of the option, whichever period is the shorter.

F. Termination Upon Death. The Term shall terminate upon the death of the Executive and the Company shall have no further obligation to the Executive or his estate except to pay the Executive's estate any Base Salary or Annual Bonus earned and accrued but remaining unpaid prior to his death. In addition, notwithstanding any provisions of the stock option plan or stock option agreement pursuant to which any stock options were granted, the Executive's estate shall be entitled to exercise any of Executive's stock options vested as of the final day of the Term until eighteen months from the final day of the Term or the expiration of the stated period of the option, whichever period is the shorter.

7. MISCELLANEOUS.

- **A. Notice.** Any notice to be given hereunder shall either be delivered personally and/or sent by first class certified mail and regular mail. The address for service on the Company shall be its registered office, and the address for service on the Executive shall be his last known place of residence. A notice shall be deemed to have been served as follows:
 - (1) if personally delivered, at the time of delivery; and/or
- (2) if posted, at the expiration of 48 hours (10 days if international) after the envelope containing the same was delivered into the custody of the postal authorities.
- **B.** Taxes. Any payments made pursuant to this Agreement shall be subject to any tax or similar withholding requirements under applicable federal, state or local employment or income tax laws or similar statutes or other provisions of law then in effect. This Agreement is intended to comply with the requirements of Section 409A ("Section 409A") of the Code and the regulations thereunder (including, as applicable, the exemptions and exceptions set forth therein). The payments provided for herein are intended to be exempt from Section 409A and to not constitute "nonqualified deferred compensation" as defined in Section 409A. To the extent that any provision in this Agreement is ambiguous as to its compliance with Section 409A, the provision shall be interpreted in a manner so that no payment due to the Executive shall be deemed subject to an "additional tax" within the meaning of Section 409A(a)(1)(B) of the Code. For purposes of Section 409A, each payment made under this Agreement shall be treated as a separate payment. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, to the extent any payment under Section 6 hereof is determined to constitute "nonqualified deferred compensation" as defined in Section 409A, the Executive shall not be considered to have terminated employment with the Company for purposes of Section 6 hereof unless the Executive

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has incurred a "termination of employment" from the Company within the meaning of Treasury Regulation §1.409A-1(h)(1)(ii) promulgated under Section 409A of the Code. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if necessary to comply with the restriction in Section 409A(a)(2)(B) of the Code concerning payments to "specified employees," any payment made to the Executive pursuant to this Agreement on account of the Executive's separation from service that would otherwise be due hereunder within six months after such separation from service shall nonetheless be delayed until the first business day of the seventh month following the Executive's separation from service. In no event may the Executive, directly or indirectly, designate the calendar year of any

payment. All reimbursements provided under this Agreement shall be made or provided in accordance with the requirements of Section 409A, including, where applicable, the requirement that (i) any reimbursement is for expenses incurred during the Executive's lifetime (or during a shorter period of time specified in this Agreement), (ii) the amount of expenses eligible for reimbursement during a calendar year may not affect the expenses eligible for reimbursement in any other calendar year, (iii) the reimbursement of an eligible expense will be made on or before the last day of the calendar year following the year in which the expense is incurred, and (iv) the right to reimbursement is not subject to liquidation or exchange for another benefit. The Executive further acknowledges that, while this Agreement is intended to comply with Section 409A, any tax liability incurred by the Executive under Section 409A is solely the responsibility of the Executive.

- **C. Binding Effect.** This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective heirs, personal representatives, successors and assigns, provided that neither Party shall assign any of its rights or privileges hereunder without the prior written consent of the other Party except that the Company may assign its rights hereunder to a successor in ownership of all or substantially all the assets of the Company.
- **D. Severability.** Should any part or provision of this Agreement be held unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, the validity of the remaining parts or provisions shall not be affected by such holding, unless such enforceability substantially impairs the benefit of the remaining portions of the Agreement.
- **E. Waiver.** No failure or delay on the part of either Party in the exercise of any right or privilege hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any single or partial exercise of any such right or privilege preclude other or further exercise thereof or of any other right of privilege.
- **F. Captions.** The captions used in this Agreement are for convenience only and are not to be used in interpreting the obligations of the Parties under this Agreement.
- G. Choice of Law. The validity, construction and performance of this Agreement and all matters directly or indirectly arising hereunder shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of laws provisions, and the Company and the Executive irrevocably consent to the exclusive jurisdiction and venue of the federal and state courts located within Delaware, and courts with appellate jurisdiction therefrom, in connection with any matter based upon or arising out of this Agreement.

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H. Entire Agreement. This Agreement embodies the entire understanding of the Parties as it relates to the subject matter contained herein and as such, supersedes any prior agreement or understanding between the Parties relating to the terms of employment of the Executive (but not any option grant agreement issued by the Company to the Executive), including without limitation any agreement between the Executive and any other company acquired by the Company or with respect to which the Company is a successor in interest. No amendment or modification of this Agreement shall be valid or binding upon the Parties unless in writing executed by the Parties.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be duly executed as of the day and year first written above.

CELLDEX THERAPEUTICS, INC.

By: /s/ Anthony S. Marucci Title: Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Richard Wright

RICHARD WRIGHT

CERTIFICATION

I, Anthony S. Marucci, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Celldex Therapeutics, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 10, 2015 By /s/ ANTHONY S. MARUCCI

Name: Anthony S. Marucci

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, Avery W. Catlin, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Celldex Therapeutics, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 10, 2015 By: /s/ AVERY W. CATLIN

Name: Avery W. Catlin

Title: Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATIONS

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350 as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officers of Celldex Therapeutics, Inc. (the "Company") hereby certify that to their knowledge and in their respective capacities that the Company's quarterly report on Form 10-Q to which this certification is attached (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and that the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 10, 2015 By: /s/ ANTHONY S. MARUCCI

Name: Anthony S. Marucci

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 10, 2015 By: /s/ AVERY W. CATLIN

Name: Avery W. Catlin

Title: Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

This certification shall not be deemed "filed" for any purpose, nor shall it be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act. A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Celldex Therapeutics, Inc. and will be retained by Celldex Therapeutics, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.